M.A. HISTORY

(As per Choice Based Credit System w.e.f. the academic year 2016-2018)

PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOME

- PSO1: The M.A. History programme seeks to create, preserve and disseminate knowledge to build competitive capability for holistic developed of man and society.
- PSO2: This programme not only facilitate the students in enhancing their knowledge of the specializations of their choice, but also in fostering other important attributes of a civilized human society.
- PSO3: Students understand the different streams of History, viz. Archaeology, Ancient, Medieval and Modern History.
- PSO4: A critical understanding of the significance of historiographical developments since the professionalisation of the discipline and their relevance to a student's specialist area of study.
- PSO5: A comprehensive understanding of the epistemological and methodological distinctiveness of history as a discipline, and an ability to reflect on the significance of the influence of other disciplines on the development of historical method.
- PSO6: A conceptual understanding that enables the student to evaluate critically scholarly writing in history and to undertake informed source-criticism.

Scheme of Examination

The entire degree/programme of M.A. History will be of two years consisting of four semesters. Each student should earn a minimum of <u>113</u> credits of various courses over the entire programme. There will be **40** credits of core courses; **65** credits of Discipline Specific Elective courses; **2** Credits of Foundation Elective* course; **6** credits of Open Elective** course.

But in the case of Group A i.e. Indian Archaeology, the distribution of credits will be as follows:- 40 credits of core courses; 63 credits of Discipline Specific Elective courses; 2 credits of Field Work; 2 Credits of Foundation Elective* course and 6 credits of Open Elective** course. Minimum pass marks would be 40% (including Theory/internal Assessment/Practical)

M.A. History (Semester 1st & 2nd)

In semester 1st, there would be five Core courses and one Discipline Specific Elective course and in Semester 2nd there would be three Core courses and two Discipline Specific Elective course. Each student will opt for at least one Foundation Elective (min. 2 credits) and one Open Elective (min. 3 credits).

Paper Code	Nomenclature	Hrs./ Marks			Exam.	Credits		
		Week/ L+T+P	Int. Assess.	Sem. End. Exam.	Total	Hrs.	L+T+P	
	M.A. History (1st Semester)							
16HIS21C1	Ancient Societies-I	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5	
16HIS21C2	Medieval Societies (India)	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5	
16HIS21C3	Modern World : Socio-Economic Trends	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5	
16HIS21C4	History of Haryana (ET. to Sultanate) -I	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5	
16HIS21C5	State in India (ET. to Sultanate)-I	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5	
16HIS21D1	Science & Tech. in Pre-Colonial India	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5	
Credits	C = 25 D = 5	Total Credits = 30						

	M.A. History (2nd Semester)								
16HIS22C1	Ancient Societies-II	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5		
16HIS22C2	Medieval Societies (Islamic & Europe)	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5		
16HIS22C3	Modern World : Political Trends	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5		
16HIS22D1	History of Haryana (Mughal to 1947)	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5		
16HIS22D2	State in India (Mughal to Modern Times)-II	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5		
F*		2+0+0	10	40	50	3Hrs.	2		
O**		3+0+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	3		
Credits	C = 15 $D = 10$ $F = 2$ $O = 3$		Total Credits = <u>30</u>						

C = Core D = Discipline Specific Elective

F = Foundation Elective O = Open Elective

M.A. History (Semester 3rd & 4th)

In semester 3rd, there would be four group of options/choices i.e. Indian Archaeology (Gr. A), Ancient India (Gr. B), Medieval India (Gr. C) and Modern Group (Gr. D). Students are required to opt any one of the following groups in 3rd Sem in which there would be five Discipline Specific Elective and one Open Elective (Chosen from the common pool/basket of the university). In semester 4th, students are required to opt for the same groups what they have opted in 3rd Sem. In 4th Sem. there would be five Discipline Specific Elective courses.

M.A. History (3rd Semester)

Paper	Nomenclature	Hrs./		Marks		Exam. Hrs.	Credits			
Code		Week/ L+T+P	Int. Assess.	Sem. End. Exam.	Total		L+T+P			
	Common/Mandatory									
17HIS23C1	Historiography: Concepts, Methods & Tools-I	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5			
	Indian Archaeology (Group-A)									
17HIS23GA1	Pre-History of India	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5			
17HIS23GA2	Proto History of India	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5			
17HIS23GA3	Ancient Indian Epig. & PalaeogI	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5			
17HIS23GA4	Ancient Indian NumI	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5			
	Ancient In	ndia (Gr	oup-B)							
17HIS23GB1	Pol. Hist. of India (ET-C. 326 BC)	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5			
17HIS23GB2	Pol. Hist. of India (C.326BC- C.320AD)	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5			
17HIS23GB3	Society & Cult. of India (ET to 1200 AD) -I	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5			
17HIS23GB4	Eco. History of India (ET- C. 1200 AD)-I	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5			

^{*} One Foundation Elective to be chosen from the common pool/basket of the university.

^{**}One Open Elective to be chosen from the common pool/basket of the university.

Medieval India (Group-C)									
17HIS23GC1	Pol. Hist. of India (1200-1526AD)-Eve.	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5		
17HIS23GC2	Pol. Hist. of India (1526-1757 AD)- Eve	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5		
17HIS23GC3	Soc. & Cult. of India (1200-1526 AD)	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5		
17HIS23GC4	Eco. History of India (1200 -1526 AD)	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5		
Modern India (Group-D)									
17HIS23GD1	Pol. Hist. of India (1757-1947)-I	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5		
17HIS23GD2	Indian National Movement (1885- 1919)-I	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5		
17HIS23GD3	Society & Culture of India (1757-1947)-I	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5		
17HIS23GD4	Economic Hist. of India (1757-1947)-I	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5		
	OPEN ELECTIVE (for the students of other departments)								
O**		3+0+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	3		
Т	Total Credits of various courses each group in 3 Sem. $C=\underline{5}$, $D=\underline{20}$ $C=\underline{3}$					Total cre	dits = <u>28</u>		

^{*} One Open Elective to be chosen from the common pool/basket of the university.

M.A. History (4th Semester)										
Paper	Nomenclature	Hrs./	/ Marks		Exam.	Credits				
Code		Week/ L+T+P	Int. Assess.	Sem. End. Exam.	Total	Hrs.	L+T+P			
	Common/Mandatory									
17HIS24C1	Historiography: Concepts, Methods & Tools-II	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5			
Indian Archaeology (Group-A)										
17HIS24GA1	Principles and Methods of Archaeology	2+1+2	40#	60	100	3Hrs.	5			
17HIS24GA2	Hist.Arch. of India	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5			
17HIS24GA3	Ancient Indian Epig. & Palaeography-II	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5			
17HIS24GA4	Ancient Indian Numismatics-II	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5			
	Ancient Ir	ndia (Gro	up-B)							
17HIS24GB1	Pol. Hist. of India (320-648AD)	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5			
17HIS24GB2	Pol. Hist. of India (648-1200AD)	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5			
17HIS24GB3	Soc. & Cul. of India (ET to 1200 AD)-II	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5			
17HIS24GB4	Eco. Hist. of India (ET-C. 1200 AD)-II	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5			

Medieval India (Group-C)									
17HIS24GC1	Pol. Hist. of India (1200-1526AD)-Inst.	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5		
17HIS24GC2	Pol. Hist. of India (1526-1757AD)- Inst.	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5		
17HIS24GC3	Society & Culture of India (1526-1757 AD)	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5		
17HIS24GC4	Economic History of India (1526-1757 AD)	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5		
Modern India (Group-D)									
17HIS24GD1	Pol. Hist. of India (1757-1947)-II	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5		
17HIS24GD2	Indian National Movement (1920-1947)-II	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5		
17HIS24GD3	Society & Culture of India (1757-1947)-II	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5		
17HIS24GD4	Economic Hist. of India (1757-1947)-II	4+1+0	20	80	100	3Hrs.	5		
Total Credits for 4th Sem. $D=\underline{25}$ Total Credits = $\underline{25}$									
Each students have to earn Credit in all semesters as C= 40 D=65, F=2, O=6 Total Credits = 113									

Practical Marks in group -A

 $_{\mathbf{F}}^{\mathbf{C}}$ D O Discipline Specific Elective course Open Elective course Core Courses

Foundation Elective course

SEMESTER-I

Paper: Ancient Societies-I Paper Code: 16HIS21C1

Course Outcome:

CO1 : Critically evaluate the development of human society and various cultures from stone age to iron age, world wide phenomenon.

CO2: Critically discuss major cultural structures, events and than shaping the world context.

CO3: Evaluate and analyze different sources (particularly archaeological) in overseas.

CO4: Critically evalute the concept the decline of different civilizations.

CO5: Critically evaluate the concept of relation of civilizations to each other.

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: Nine questions are to be set in all spreading into five units Each of the first four units shall contain two questions from each unit of the syllabus and Unit-V (Q. No. 9) which will be compulsory, shall contain eight short answer type questions (two marks each) covering the entire syllabus. The Candidates shall be asked to attempt five questions in all selecting one question from each unit including compulsory question. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit – I

Stone Age and Chalcolithic Cultures:

- a) Origin of tool making
- b) Palaeolithic Cultures of the World: Lower, Middle and Upper
- c) Palaeolithic Art
- d) Mesolithic and Neolithic Cultures: Origin of agriculture and settled life.
- e) Chalcolithic cultures and craft specialization.

Unit - II

Bronze Age Civilization in Mesopotamia

Origin of Early City States, Origin of Empires. (Sumerian and Akkadian) State Structure, Economy, Social Stratification and Religion.

Bronze Age Civilization in Egypt.

Origin, State Structure, Economy & Trade, Social life, Religion.

Unit - III

Harappan Civilization:

- a) Pre-Harappan and Early Harappan Cultures.
- b) Origin, authors and extent of the Harappan Civilization.
- c) Development of Harappan Civilization.
- d) Trade, Economy, Social and Religious Life.
- e) Decline and Legacy of Harappan Civilization.

Unit IV

Chinese Civilization:

Beginning Middle Kingdom, Shang Civilization, Socio-Economic Life and Religious Beliefs

Mayan Civilization

Socio-Economic Life, Arts, Science and Technology.

Inca Civilization

Socio-Economic Life, Arts, Science and Technology.

SUGGESTED READINGS

Allchin, B&R : The Rise of Civilization in India and Pakistan, Cambridge

University Press, Cambridge, 1988

Beers Burton F. : World History: Patterns of Civilization, Prentice Hall, New

Jersey, 1993.

Child, V.G. : What Happened in History, Penguin Books, 1964.

Demarest, A.A. : Ancient Maya, Stanford University Press, 2005 (6th ed.)

Goyal, Shriram : Vishva ki Prachin Sabhyatayen, Vishvavidyalaya Prakas

Varanasi, 1994.

Kramer, S.N. : *The Sumerians*, University Press Chicago, 1963.

Pathak, S.M. : Vishva ki Prachin Sabhyataon ka Itihas. Bihar Hindi Granth

Academy, Patna, 1986.

Possehi, G.L. (ed.) : Harappan Civilization: A Contemporary Perspective,

American Institute of Indian Studies, New Delhi. 1982.

Ray, Uday Narayain, : Vishva Sabhyata Ka Itihas, Lok Bharti, Allahabad, 1982.

Sharer, Robert, J. : Daily Life in Maya Civilization, Greenwood Press London,

2009.

Sharer, Robert, J. : Daily Life in Inca Civilization, Greenwood Press London,

2009.

Silverman, David, R. : Ancient, Egypt Oxford University Press, Oxford, 1997.

Singh, Purushottam, : The Neolithic Origins, Agam Kala Prakashan, Delhi, 1997.

Spievogei, Jackson, J. James, : Ancient Civilization, McGraw Hill, New York, 2007.

A. banks et.al.

Thapiyal, K.K. & Shukla, S.P. : Sindhu Sabhyata, Uttar Pradesh Hindi Granth Academy,

Lucknow, 1976.

Paper: Medieval Societies (India)

Paper Code: 16HIS21C2

Course Outcome:

CO1: Critically evaluate the various developments in feudal Europe, Islamic World and Medieval World.

CO2: Critically evalute the concept the decline of feudalism and advent of capitalism.

CO3: Critically analyze and describe the rise of Middle East, Identify and describe the emergence of the Arab Caliphate, the Umayyad dynasty and abbasid dynasty.

CO4: Evaluate and analyze the different aspects of administrative units specially in Indian context.

CO5: Critically understand the society through the religion.

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: Nine questions are to be set in all spreading into five units Each of the first four units shall contain two questions from each unit of the syllabus and Unit-V (Q. No. 9) which will be compulsory, shall contain eight short answer type questions (two marks each) covering the entire syllabus. The Candidates shall be asked to attempt five questions in all selecting one question from each unit including compulsory question. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit – I

Structural Changes and Continuities:

- a) Transition from Ancient to Medieval Society and Advent of Turks.
- b) Structure of medieval State (Sultanate and Mughal)
- c) Theories on the Decline of Mughal Empire.

Unit - II

Administrative Institutions

- a) Iqtadari System
- b) Mansabdari-Jagirdari System
- c) Zamindari Policy of Mughals.

Unit – III

Economic Developments

- a) Urbanization (Sultanate)
- b) Technological changes (Sultanate)
- c) Village Community (Sultanate & Mughals)

Unit IV

Social and Religious Salients:

- a) Bhakti Movement
- b) Sufi Movement
- c) Structure of Society (Sultanate & Mughals)

SUGGESTED READINGS

Ali, M.Athar : The Mughal Nobility Under Aurangzeb. Asia Publishing

House, Bombay, 1966.

Ashraf, K.M. : Life and Conditions of the People of Hindustan, Munshiram

Manoharlal, Delhi, 1970.

Chandra Satish, : Essays on Medieval Indian History, Oxford University, Press,

New Delhi. 2003.

Chandra Satish, : Essays in Medieval Indian Economic History, Munshiram

Manoharlal, Delhi, 1987.

Chandra Satish, : Parties and Politics at the Mughal Court, People's Publishing

House, Delhi, 1987.

-do- : *Medieval India*, Vols. 1 & 2, Har-Anand Publications, Delhi.

Datta, Rajat : Rethinking A Millennium: Perspectives on Indian History from

the Eight to Eighteenth Century, Aakar Books, Delhi, 2008.

Husain, Yusuf : Glimpses of Medieval Indian Culture, Asia Publishing House,

Bombay.

Irfan Habib (ed.) : Madhyakalinbharat, Vols. 1-8, Rajkamal Prakashan, Delhi,

2003.

Jackson, Peter : The Delhi Sultanate, A Political and Military History,

Cambridge University Press, New York, 1999.

Kulke, Hermann (ed.) : State in India 1000-1700, Oxford University Press, New Delhi,

1997.

Mehta, J.L. : Madhyakaleen Bharat : Ek Sankshipt Itihas, Arun Publishing

House, Chandigarh, 2012.

Mukhia, Harbans : Perspectives on Medieval History, Vikas Publication, New

Delhi, 1993.

Raychaudhuri, Tapan & : Cambridge Economic History of India C. 1200-1750, Vol. I,

Irfan Habib (eds.) Orient Longman, Delhi. 1982.

Sarkar, Jadunath : The Fall of the Mughal Empire, 4 Vols. Orient Longman,

Delhi, 1988-92 (Fourth edn.)

Siddiqui, I.H. (ed.) : Medieval India : Essays in Intellectual Thought Culture.

Munshiram Manoharlal Publisher, New Delhi, 2003.

Streusand, Douglas E. : The Formation of the Mughal Empire, Oxford University Press,

Delhi, 1989.

Verma, H.C. (Ed.) : Madhyakalin Bharat, Vols. 1 & 2. Hindi Madhyam Karyanvaya

Nideshalaya University of Delhi.

Paper: Modern World (Socio-Economic Trends)

Paper Code: 16HIS21C3

Course Outcome:

CO1: Students' enable to understand the various socio-economic trends in modern period.

CO2: Critically evaluate how the modern west was emerged through renaissance and and other socioeconomic developments.

CO3: Critically analyse the rise of capitalism and imperialism led all these developments.

CO4: Critically evaluate how the new political system emerged based on representative system.

CO5: Explain and analyse the rise of new order in the world in the form of socialism and about the world crisis of 1919 and 1939 which led to world wars.

> Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A 20 Time : 3 Hrs.

Note: Nine questions are to be set in all spreading into five units Each of the first four units shall contain two questions from each unit of the syllabus and Unit-V (Q. No. 9) which will be compulsory, shall contain eight short answer type questions (two marks each) covering the entire syllabus. The Candidates shall be asked to attempt five questions in all selecting one question from each unit including compulsory question. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit – I

Rise of Modern World:

- a) Renaissance
- b) Reformation

Age of mercantilism and the Beginnings of Capitalism:

- a) Features of Mercantilism
- b) Mercantile Activities of Different Countries
- c) Beginnings of Capitalism

Unit - II

Agricultural Revolution in Western Europe:

- a) Agricultural System in Pre-Modern Period
- b) Development of New Methods and Knowledge
- c) Impact of the New Agriculture

Development of Science and Technology

- a) Its History
- b) Technological Revoluation
- c) Impact of the Revolution.

Unit – III

Development of Capitalism:

- a) Britain
- b) France
- c) Germany
- d) Japan

Development of Imperialism:

a) Geographical Expansion: Asia & Africa

b) Its Theories: Economic and Non-Economic

Unit IV

Stages of Colonialism in India:

- a) Mercantile Capital Stage
- b) Industrial/Free Trade Capital Stage
- c) Finance Capital Stage

The Far East and Western Economic Dominance:

a) Japan

b) China: Opium Wars and the Development of Treaty Port System

SUGGESTED READINGS

Carr, E.H. : The Bolshevik Revolution, Vol. I, Pelican. Chandra, Bipan : Nationalism and Colonialism in India, 1996

Cipola, C.M. : Fontana Economic History of Europe, Vol. III, 1976.

Desai, A.R. : Social Background of Indian Nationalism.

Dobb, Maurice, : Studies in the Development of Capitalism, 1974

Dutt, R.P. : India Today

Emerson, Rupert : From Empire to Nation : The Rise to Self Assertion of Asian and

African People.

Fairbank, John, K. : East Asia : Modern Transformation.

Hilton, Rodney : Transition from Feudalism to Capitalism, 1976.

Hobsbawm, E.J. : Nation and Nationalism, Cambridge, 1970.

Jophson, Chatness A. : Peasant Nationalism and Communist Power : The Emergency of Red

China 1937-1945.

Joll, Jomes : Origin of the First World War. (1984)

Lichthein, George, : A Short History of Socialism, 1976.

Lucas, Colin : The French Revolution and the Making of Modern Political Culture.

Vol. 2, Pergoman, 1988.

Riasanovsky, N.V. : A History of Russia, Oup. 1984.

Roth, J.J. (Ed.) : World War II: A Turning Point in Modern History, 1967.

Snyder, Louis L. : The Meaning of Nationalism

Sanchuman, F. : International Relations

Thompson, David : Europe Since Napoleon.

Paper-: History of Haryana (Earliest Times to Sultanate)

Paper Code: 16HIS21C4

Course Outcome:

CO1: Students undertand the theme of regional history is explored through study of Haryana from stone age to independence of India.

CO2: Critically analyse the rise of various cultures are explored in the region of Haryana.

CO3: Critically evaluate the efforts of the people of this region in the foreign invasions.

CO4: Critically analyse the rise of state formation and new power in the region of Haryana.

CO5: Explain and analyse the Turkish Invasion and it's impact on Haryana.

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: Nine questions are to be set in all spreading into five units Each of the first four units shall contain two questions from each unit of the syllabus and Unit-V (Q. No. 9) which will be compulsory, shall contain eight short answer type questions (two marks each) covering the entire syllabus. The Candidates shall be asked to attempt five questions in all selecting one question from each unit including compulsory question. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit-I

Early Phase:

- a) Sources of Ancient History of Haryana
- b) The Stone Age
- c) Harappan Civilization: General Features
- d) Vedic Civilization: Origin and Development, Traditional History of the Kurus.

Unit-II

Towards State Formation:

- a) Origin and Development of Monarchy
- b) Historicity of the Battle of Mahabharata
- c) Yaudheyas
- d) Agras and Kunindas
- e) Pushpabhutis

Unit-III

Rise of New Powers:

- a) Gurjara- Pratiharas
- b) Tomaras
- c) Chahmanas
- d) The Battles of Tarain and their impact

Unit-IV

Sultanate Period:

- a) Sources of Medieval History of Haryana
- b) Haryana on the eve of Turkish Invasion
- c) Revolts of Meos and Rajputs
- d) Provincial Administration.

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- Buddha Prakash, *Haryana through the Ages*, Kurukshetra University, Kurukshetra, 1962.
- _____, *Glimpses of Haryana*, Kurukshetra University, Kurukshetra, 1969.
- Das Gupta, K.K., Tribal History of Ancient India,
- Devahuti, D., *Harsha : A Political Study*, Oxford Clarendom Press, 1970.
- Dwivedi, H.N., *Dilli ke Tomar (736-1193)*, Vidya Mandir Prakashan, Gwalior, 1973.
- Goyal, J.B., (ed.) Haryana-Puratattna, Itihas, Sanskriti, Sahitya evom Lokwarta, Delhi, 1966.
- Gupta, S.P. & Rama & Chandran, K.S., *Mahabharata: Myth and Reality*, Agam Prakashan, New Delhi, 1976.
- Phadke, H.A. *Haryana: Ancient and Medieval*, Harman Publication House, New Delhi, 1990.
- Phogat, S.R., *Inscriptions of Haryana*, Kurukshetra University Kurukshetra, 1978.
- Puri, B.N., *History of Gurjar-Prathiharas*, Munshiram Manoharlal, New Delhi, 1968.
- Sen, S.P. (Ed.), *Sources of the History of India*, Vol. II, Munshiram Manoharlal, New Delhi, 1979.
- Sharda, Sadhu Ram, Haryana-Ek Sanskritik Adyayan, Bhasha Vibhag, Haryana, Chandigarh, 1978.
- Sharma, D., Early History of Chahamanas, Delhi, 1959.
- Singh, Fauja (ed.), *History of the Punjab*, Vol. I-III, Publication Bureau, Punjab University, Patiala, 1997-2000.
- Suraj Bhan, Excavations at Mithathal (1968) and other Explorations in Satluj Yamuna Divide, Kurukshetra University, Kurukshetra, 1975.
- Tripathi, R.S., History of Kanauj, Munshiram Manoharlal, New Delhi, 1964.
- Yadav, K.C., Haryana: Itihas evom Sanskriti, Part 1 & 2, Manohar Publisher, New Delhi, 1994 (2nd Ed.)

Paper: State in India (Earliest Times to Sultanate)

Paper Code: 16HIS21C5

Course Outcome:

CO1: Evaluate and analyze of institutional history that how the institution of state rise and develop in India.

CO2: Critically evaluate the nature of the state changes with the time and dynasty.

CO3: Analyze the emergence of the Mauryan and Gupta empries during the classical age in India CO4: Identify and analyze key facets of Indian Society and the rise of tchnology and commerce.

CO5: Formulate logical arguments substantiated with historical aspects.

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: Nine questions are to be set in all spreading into five units Each of the first four units shall contain two questions from each unit of the syllabus and Unit-V (Q. No. 9) which will be compulsory, shall contain eight short answer type questions (two marks each) covering the entire syllabus. The Candidates shall be asked to attempt five questions in all selecting one question from each unit including compulsory question. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit – I

Towards Formation of State:

- a) Different Theories of the formation of State
- b) Proto State
- c) Chiefdoms of Later Vedic Times

Unit - II

The Mauryan State:

- a) Central Administration
- b) Provincial Administration

The Gupta Polity

- a) Central Administration
- b) Administrative Units

Unit – III

Delhi Sultanate:

- a) Islamic Theory of State
- b) Nature of State under the Sultans
- c) State and the Ulemas.

Unit IV

Delhi Sultanate:

- a) Central Administrative
- b) Provincial Administration
- c) Military Organization.

SUGGESTED READINGS

Altekar, A.S. : State and Government in Ancient India, Motilal Banarsidass, Delhi,

Chandra, Bipan : Nationalism and . Colonialism in India, 1996

Bhandarakar, D.R. : Some Aspects of Hindu Polity, B.R. Publishing Corporation, New

Delhi, 1988.

Chandra, Satish, : Medieval India (From Sultanate to the Mughals, 1206-1526), Vol. I,

Har-Anand Publications, Delhi, 1997 (in Hindi also)

Dishitar, V.R.R. : The Mauryan Polity, Motilal Banarsidas, Delhi, 1993.

: The Gupta Polity, Motilal Banarsidas, Delhi, 1993.

Dutta, K.P. : Administrative Aspects of Medieval Institutions in India, J.K.

Enterprises, Delhi, 1973.

Ghosal, U.N. : A History of India Political Ideas, Oxford University Press, 1968.

Habib, Irfan, : Madhakaleen Bharat, Vols. I-VIII, Ram Kamal Prakashan, Delhi,

1981-2003.

Habibullah, A.B.M. : The Foundation of Muslim Rule in India, Central Book Depot,

Allahabad, 1961 (in Hindi also)

Sarkar, B.K. : Political Institution and Theories of the Hindus, CC and Company

Ltd., Calcutta, 1994 (reprint)

Sharma, R.S. : Aspect of Political Ideas & Institutions in Early India, Motilal

Banarsidas, Delhi, 1996 (4th Edn.)

Tripathi, R.P. : Some Aspects of Muslim Administration, Central Book Depot,

Allahabad, 1989.

Verma, H.C. : Madhyakaleen Bharat (750-1540AD), Vol. I, Hindi Madhyam

Karyanvaya Nideshalaya, University of Delhi, 1983.

Paper: Science and Technology In Pre-Colonial India

Paper Code: 16HIS21D1

Course Outcome:

CO1: Critically, students to know the evolution and development of science and technology through the ages in India upto 18th century.

CO2: Evaluate and analyze the history of various fields of science viz. Physical, Chemical, Mechanical, Astronomy, Mathematics and Medicine etc.

CO3: Explain and acquainted with the internal evolution and external influences on science & technology in India.

CO4: Formulate logical arguments substantiated with historical aspects.

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: Nine questions are to be set in all spreading into five units Each of the first four units shall contain two questions from each unit of the syllabus and Unit-V (Q. No. 9) which will be compulsory, shall contain eight short answer type questions (two marks each) covering the entire syllabus. The Candidates shall be asked to attempt five questions in all selecting one question from each unit including compulsory question. All questions shall carry equal marks.

UNIT-I

- 1) Science and technology- Meaning, scope and importance, technology and society. Sources of History of Science and technology in India.
- 2) Origins and development of technology in pre-historic period. Beginnings of agriculture and its impact on the growth of science and technology.
- 3) Science and technology during Vedic and later Vedic times including physical and biological sciences.

UNIT-II

- 1) Major developments in the history of science and technology from AD 1st century to c. 1200.
- Developments in astronomy with special references to Aryabhata, Varamihira and Bhaskara-I.
- 3) Developments in medicine and surgery: Charaka and Sushruta Samhitas and subsequent developments in human anatomy, physiology and materia medica.

UNIT-III

- 1) Concept of rationality and scientific ideas in Arab thought and its reception in India.
- 2) New Developments in technology Persian wheel; gun-powder, textiles, bridge building, etc.

UNIT-IV

- 1) Developments in medical knowledge and interaction between Unani and Ayurveda and Alchemy.
- 2) Astronomy in the Arab world and its impact on India with special reference to Sawai Jai Singh.

SUGGESTED READING:

Arnold Devid, : Science, Technology and medicine in Colonial India. The New

Cambridge History of India Series, OUP, Cambridge, 1999.

Kumar, Deepak : Science and the Raj, OUP, Delhi, 1995

Kumar, Deepak, : Disease and Medicine in India: A Historical Overview, Tulika

Publications, Delhi. 2000

Prakash Gyan, : Another Reason: Science and the Imagination of Modern, OUP, Delhi,

2000

Qaiser, A.J., : The Indian Response to European Technology and Culture, OUP,

Delhi, 1982.

Raina, D. and Habib I., (Ed.) : Situating History of Science: Dialogues with Joseph Needham, OUP,

Delhi, 1999

Sangwan, S., : Science, Technology and Colonization: Indian Experience, Anamika,

Delhi, 1990.

SEMESTER-II

Paper: Ancient Societies-II Paper Code: 16HIS22C1

Course Outcome:

CO1: Critically evaluate the development of human society and various cultures from Stone age to Iron age, world wide phenomenon.

CO2: Critically discuss major cultural structures, events and than shaping the world context.

CO3: Evaluate and analyze different sources (particularly archaeological) in overseas.

CO4: Critically evalute the concept the decline of different civilizations and concept of relation of civilizations to each other.

CO5: Formulate logical arguments substantiated with historical aspects.

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: Nine questions are to be set in all spreading into five units Each of the first four units shall contain two questions from each unit of the syllabus and Unit-V (Q. No. 9) which will be compulsory, shall contain eight short answer type questions (two marks each) covering the entire syllabus. The Candidates shall be asked to attempt five questions in all selecting one question from each unit including compulsory question. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit – I

Iron Age Cultures in India:

- a) The beginning of Iron Age in India: Problems and Issues
- b) Megalithic Culture of India: Origin, Distribution, Typology and Material Culture.
- c) Painted Grey Ware Culture: Distribution, Material remains.
- d) Second Urbanization.

Unit - II

Iron Age Culture in Greece:

- a) Early Civilization in the Aegean
- b) Greek City States (Athens and Sparta): Political, Social and Economic Life, Greeco-Persian Wars, Peloponnesian Wars.
- c) The Athenian Empire, Athenian Democracy, Contribution of Greek Civilization.

Iron Age Culture in Rome:

- a) Roman Republic and Empire : Social and Economic Life
- b) Science & Technology
- c) Decline of Rome
- d) Contribution of Roman Civilization

Unit-III

Indian State and Society (Vedic Times to Gupta Period):

- a) The Vedic Age: Society, State Structure, Economy, Religion.
- b) The Age of Reason and Revolt: Jainism and Buddhism
- c) Agrarian Empires (Mauryan and Gupta): Society and Economy.

Unit IV

Indian State and Society in Post Gupta Period:

- a) Urban Decay in India
- b) Decline of Trade
- c) Origin and Development of Feudalism in India
- d) Nature of Indian Feudalism.

SUGGESTED READINGS

Camp, John M. : Ancient Greece: From Prehistoric to Hellenistic Times, Yale

University Press, 1996.

Goyal, Shriram, : Vishva ki Prachin Sabhyatayen, Vishvavidyalaya Prakashan,

Varanasi, 1994.

Gupta, P.L. : The Imperial Guptas: Cultural History, Varanasi

Vishwavidyalaya Prakashan, 1979.

Jha, D.N. : Studies in Early Indian Economic History, Anupma

Publication, 1980.

Korovkin, F. : (Tr. by Bhatt, B.P.) Prachin Vishva Itihas ka Paricheya,

Peoples Publishing House, New Delhi, 1982.

Kosambi, D.D. : An Introduction to the Study of Indian History, Popular

Prakashan Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2009 (reprint)

Majumdar, R.C. : The Vedic Age of History and Culture of the Indian People,

Bhartiya Vidya Bhawan, 1996.

Mortimer, C. : The Fall of Rome : Can it be Explained?, Holt, Rinehart and

Winston, 1963.

Pathak, S.M. : Vishva Ki Prachin Sabhyataon ka Itihas, Bihar HIndi Granth

Academy, Patna, 1986.

Ray, U. : Vishva Sabhyataon ka Itihas, Lok Bharti, Allahabad, 1922.

Runnels, Curtis and M.Priscila, : Greece Before History, An Archaeological Companion and

Guide, Stanford University Press, 2001.

Sharma, R.S. : Indian Feudalism, Macmillian India Ltd., New Delhi, 2005

(Hindi also)

Sircar, D.C., : Land System and Feudalism in Ancient India, India Centre

of Advance Study in Anceitn Indian History and Culture,

1966.

Swain, James E. : A History of World Civilization, Eurasia Publishing House,

New Delhi, 1984 (5th Edn. reprint)

Thakur, V.K. : Urbanization in Ancient India, Abhinav Publications, New

Delhi, 1981.

Thapar, Romila : History of India, Vol. I, Penguin Press, 1990.

Rhys, T.S. : Buddhism : Its History and Literature, New York, 1989.

-----: : Gupta Samrajya, Varanasi Vishwavidyalaya Prakashan,

1979.

Paper: Medieval Societies (Islamic and Europe)

Paper Code: 16HIS22C2

Course Outcome:

CO1: Critically evaluate the various developments in feudal Europe, Islamic World and Medieval World.

CO2: Critically evalute the concept the decline of feudalism and advent of capitalism.

CO3: Critically analyze and describe the rise of Middle East, Identify and describe the emergence of the Arab Caliphate, the Umayyad dynasty and abbasid dynasty.

CO4: Evaluate and analyze the different aspects of administrative units specially in Indian context.

CO5: Critically understand the society through the religion.

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: Nine questions are to be set in all spreading into five units Each of the first four units shall contain two questions from each unit of the syllabus and Unit-V (Q. No. 9) which will be compulsory, shall contain eight short answer type questions (two marks each) covering the entire syllabus. The Candidates shall be asked to attempt five questions in all selecting one question from each unit including compulsory question. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit - I

Islamic : Political:

- a) Rise of Islam : Socio-Political Background and Rise of Prophet Muhammad, His Life and Teachings.
- b) Evolution of Islamic State : Medina to Caliphatec) Evolution of Islamic State : Umayyad to Abbasid

Unit - II

Islamic: Social, Economic and Cultural

- a) Society under the Caliphate
- b) Economy under the Caliphate
- c) Contribution of Arab Civilization.

Unit - III

Europe: Political Structures:

- a) Transition from Ancient to Medieval Society
- b) State and Church, Church and Society
- c) Feudalism: Manorial System, Serfdom

Unit IV

Europe: Economic, Religious, Cultural Salient:

- a) Trade and Commerce
- b) Technology
- c) Protestantism Reformation d) Renaissance

SUGGESTED READINGS

Anderson, P. : Passage from Antiquity to Feudalism, New Left Books, London,

1996.

Arnold, T.W. : *The Caliphate*, Oxford University Press, 1999.

Bloch, Marc. H. : Feudal Society, 2 Vols. Chicago University Press, Chicago,

1961.

Hitti, P.K. : The Arabs: A Short History, Macmillan and Company, London,

1948.

Holt, Peter Malcolm and

A.K. Lambton (eds.)

The Cambridge History of Islam, 2 Vols. Cambridge University

Press, Cambridge, 1970.

Levy, R., : Social Structure of Islam, Cambridge University Press, New

York, 1969.

Lewis, Bernard, : The Middle East: A Brief History of the Last 2000 Years,

Touchstone, New York, 1997.

: The Arabs in History, Oxford University Press, Oxford, 1973.

-----: : Islam in History, Open Court Publishing Company, Peru

(Illinois) 2001.

Mukhia, Harbans : The Feudalism Debate, Manohar Publishing House, Delhi 2003

(in Hindi also)

Pirenne, Henri : Economic and Social History of Medieval Europe, Routledge,

Oxford, 2006.

Postan, M.M. : Medieval Trade and Commerce, Cambridge University Press,

Cambridge, 1970.

White, Jr., Lynn. : Medieval Technology and Social Change, Oxford University

Press, 1973.

Paper: Modern World (Political Trends)

Paper Code: 16HIS22C3

Course Outcome:

CO1: Students' enable to understand the various socio-economic trends in modern period.

CO2: Critically evaluate how the modern west was emerged through renaissance and and other socio-economic developments.

CO3: Critically analyse the rise of capitalism and imperialism led all these developments.

CO4: Critically evaluate how the new political system emerged based on representative system.

CO5: Explain and analyse the rise of new order in the world in the form of socialism and about the world crisis of 1919 and 1939 which led to world wars.

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: Nine questions are to be set in all spreading into five units Each of the first four units shall contain two questions from each unit of the syllabus and Unit-V (Q. No. 9) which will be compulsory, shall contain eight short answer type questions (two marks each) covering the entire syllabus. The Candidates shall be asked to attempt five questions in all selecting one question from each unit including compulsory question. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit – I

French Revolution:

- a) Aims
- b) Achievements
- c) Reaction in Europe

Development of Liberalism in Britain:

- a) Background: Classical Liberalism
- b) Beginning of Modern Liberalism
- c) Results and Analysis

Rise of America:

- a) American Revolution
- b) New Slavery
- c) Economic Power

Unit - II

Rise of New Order:

- a) Socialist Movement
- b) Russian Revolution-1917
- c) Russia after Revolution
- d) Reaction in the West

Theories of Nationalism:

- a) Italy
- b) Germany
- c) Japan: Rise of Japan as Colonial Power and its Pan Asiatic Scheme.

Unit - III

First World War:

- a) Origin
- b) Nature
- c) Impact
- d) Peace Settlement

Totalitarian Regimes:

- a) Fascism in Italy
- b) Nazism in Germany
- c) Communist Revolution in China 1949

Unit IV

Second World War:

- a) Origin
- b) Nature
- c) Impact

Cold War Period:

- a) NATO
- b) Warsaw Pact
- c) Non-Alignment Movement

SUGGESTED READINGS

Antheny D. Smith Theories of nationalism, New York, 1983

_____ The Nation in History, Oxford, 2000.

Carr, E.H. The Bolshevik, Revolution, Vol. I, Pelican

Chandra, Bipan Nationalism and Colonialism in India, 1996.

Cipola, C.M. Fontana Economic History of Europe, Vol. III, 1976.

Desai, A.R. Social Background of Indian Nationalism.

Dobb, Maurice Studies in the Development of Capitalism, 1974

Emerson, Rupert, From Empire to Nation: The Rise to Self Assertion of Asian and African

People.

Fairbank, John, K. East Asia: Modern Transformation.

Hilton, Rodney Transition from Feudalism to Capitalism, 1976.

Hobsbawan, E.J. Nation and Nationalism, Cambridge, 1970.

Johnson, Chatness, A. Peasant Nationalism and Communist Power:

The Emergency of Red China 1937-1947, 1962.

Joll, Jomes, Origin of the First World War, 1984.

Lichthein, George A Short-History of Socialism, 1976.

Riasanovsky, N.V. A History of Russia, OUP, 1984

Roth, J.J. (ed.) World War II: A Turning Point in Modern History, 1967.

Sachuman, F., International Relations.

Snyder, Louis, L. The Meaning of Nationalism.

Thompson, David Europe Since Napoleon

Paper-IX: History of Haryana (Mughals to 1947)

Paper Code: 16HIS22D1

Course Outcome:

CO1: Students undertand the theme of regional history is explored through study of Haryana from stone age to independence of India.

CO2: Critically evaluate the efforts of the people of this region in the foreign invasions.

CO3: Critically analyse the rise of state formation and new power in the region of Haryana.

CO4: Explain and analyse the Turkish Invasion and it's impact on Haryana.

CO5: Evaluate and analyze the different aspects of ancient to modern administrative units.

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: Nine questions are to be set in all spreading into five units Each of the first four units shall contain two questions from each unit of the syllabus and Unit-V (Q. No. 9) which will be compulsory, shall contain eight short answer type questions (two marks each) covering the entire syllabus. The Candidates shall be asked to attempt five questions in all selecting one question from each unit including compulsory question. All questions shall carry equal marks.

UNIT-I

Mughal Period:

- a) First and Second Battle of Panipat, Hemu's Life & Achievements
- b) Revolt of Satnamis
- c) Paragana Administration
- d) Economy Land Revenue System
- e) Irrigation System
- f) Bhakti and Sufi Movements

UNIT-II

Politico-Religious Developments:

- a) Marathas Incursion
- b) George Thomas
- c) Sikh Intrusion
- d) Arya Samaj
- e) Sanatan Dharma Sabha
- f) Development of Education & Literature

UNIT-III

Political Movements:

- a) Revolt of 1857: Causes, events, nature & effects
- b) Rise of Nationalism
- c) Political Condition (1885-1919)
- d) Unionist Party and Sir Chhotu Ram

UNIT-IV

Gandhian Movements:

- a) Non-Cooperation
- b) Civil Disobedience
- c) Quit India Movement
- d) Praja Mandal Movement

SUGGESTED READINGS:

Ashraf, K.M. Life and Conditions of the People of Hindustan, Pearl Publication, Calcutta,

1983.

Datta, Nonica, Formation of an Identity: A Social History of Jats, Oxford University

Press, New York, 1999.

Gupta, H.R. The Marathas and Battle of Panipat, New Delhi.

Irfan, Habib Cambridge Economic History of India, Cambridge University Press,

Cambridge, 1982.

Jagdish, Chander Freedom Struggle in Haryana, Vishal Publication, Kurukshetra, 1982.

Kenneth, W. Jones Arya Dharam, Manohar Book Service, New Delhi, 1976.

Mittal, S.C. Haryana: A Historical Perspective, New Delhi, 1986.

Pardaman Singh & Freedom Struggle in Haryana and the Congress, 1885-1985, Published by

S.P. Shukla (ed.) Haryana Pradesh Congress (I) Committee, 1985.

Phadke, H.A. Haryana: Ancient and Medieval, Harman Publication, Delhi, 1990.

Prem Chaudhary, Punjab Politics: The Role of Sir Chhotu Ram, Vikas Publishing House,

New Delhi, 1985.

Ranjeet Singh Haryana ke Arya Samaj ka Itihas, Rohtak, 196 (in Hindi)

Shukla, S.P. India's Freedom Struggle and Role of Haryana, Criterion Publication,

1985.

Verma, D.C. Sir Chhotu Ram: His Life and Times, Sterling Publication, New Delhi,

1981.

Yadav, K.C. Rao Tula Ram and Revolt of 1857, S. Parmod and Co. Jallandhar City,

1975.

_____ Revolt of 1857 in Haryana, Manohar Publication, New Delhi

Paper X: State in India (Mughals to Modern Times)-II

Paper Code: 16HIS22D2

Course Outcome:

CO1: Evaluate and analyze of institutional history that how the institution of state rise and develop in India.

CO2: Critically evaluate the nature of the state changes with the time and dynasty.

CO3: Analyze the emergence of the Mauryan and Gupta empries during the classical age in India CO4: Identify and analyze key facets of Indian Society and the rise of tchnology and commerce.

CO5: Formulate logical arguments substantiated with historical aspects.

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: Nine questions are to be set in all spreading into five units Each of the first four units shall contain two questions from each unit of the syllabus and Unit-V (Q. No. 9) which will be compulsory, shall contain eight short answer type questions (two marks each) covering the entire syllabus. The Candidates shall be asked to attempt five questions in all selecting one question from each unit including compulsory question. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit – I

The Mughal State:

- a) Nature of Mughal State
- b) Central Administrative
- c) Provincial Administrative

Unit - II

Administrative Institutions:

- a) Jagirdari System
- b) Mansabdari System
- c) Zamindari System

Unit – III

Colonial State:

- a) Political Economy
- b) State Apparatus
- c) Instruments of Legitimization

Unit IV

Independent India:

- a) Constitutional Continuity
- b) Constitutional Change
- c) Visions of Modern Indian State: Nationalist, Communalist, Communist.

SUGGESTED READINGS

Alam, Muzaffer & Subra- The Mughal State, Oxford, 2000

manayam, Sanjay (ed.)

The Crisis of Empire in Mughal North India, Awadh & Punjab.

Anderson, Perry Lineages of the Absolutist State.

Athar, M.Ali The Mughal Nobility under Aurangazeb.

Banerjee S.N. A Nation in Making.

Chandra Satish, Parties and Politics at the Mughal Court (1707- 1747AD)

Day, U.N. The Mughal Government

Dodwell, H.H. (ed.) Cambridge History of India, Vol. V and VI

Douglas, Strensand, The Formation of the Mughal Empire

Emerson, Rupert, From Empire to Nation: The Rise of Self-Assertions of Asian

and African People.

Habib, Irfan Madhyakaleen Bharat. Vol. I to VIII Relevant Articles.

_____ An Examination of Wittfogel's.

______ Theory of Oriental Despotism in Studies in Asian History.

Hobsbawm, E.J. Nation and Nationalism, Cambridge, 1970.

Ibn, The Central Structure of the Mughal Empire.

Joll, James Origin of the first World War, Longman, 1984.

Louis, I. Snyder The Meaning of the Nationalism.

Philips, C.H. The East India Company, 1784-1834.

Qureshi, I.H. The Administration of the Mughal Empire.

Richards, J.F. Kingship and Authority in South Asia (Modison-1978)

Saran, P. Provincial Govt. of the Mughals.

Sutherland, L. East India Company and the State, 1952.

Verma, H.C. Madhyakaleen Bharat.

M.A. History 3rd Semester

Paper: Historiography: Concepts, Methods and Tools-I

Paper Code: 17HIS23C1

Number of credits : 5

Nature of course : Core

Aim of the course : The broad aim is to acquaint students with the basic understanding

of the subject history, its philosophy, the research method and

other basic ideas.

Course Outcomes

CO1: Students will have developed their ability to assess critically historical analysis and argument, past and present.

CO2: Students will have gained an understanding of the development of the academic study of history throughout the world since the later eighteenth century

CO3: Students will have gained an awareness of recent and contemporary debates in the theory, practice of historical writing and gained debate in history thinker

CO4: Students will have gained insight into how historical arguments have been and are made become aware of historiographical traditions outside the West

CO5: students will have had the opportunity to think reflexively about the nature of the historical enterprise within society

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit-I

History Definition and Scope

The Major Trends in History:-

- a) From the Earliest times to Positivism and Documented History
- b) From Political/ Military to Social History
- c) The New Trends: Postmondernism and Gender

Some Major Thinkers on History

- a) The Khaldun (1332-1406)
- b) G.W.F. Hegal (1770-1831)
- c) Karl Marx (1818-83)
- d) Fernand Braudel (1902-1985)

Unit-II

Sources and their evaluation

- a) Collection and Selection of Data
- b) Kinds of evidence
- c) External Criticism of sources
- d) Internal Criticism of sources

Methodology

- a) Generalization
- b) Causation
- c) Objectivity

Unit-III

The Pre-modern Traditions of Historical Writing

A. Early Tradition

- a) Greeco-Roman Traditions;
- b) Chinese Traditions
- c) Ancient Traditions

B. Medieval Traditions

- a) Western
- b) Arabic & Persian
- c) Indo-Persian

Unit- IV

History and other Disciplines

- a) History and the Social Sciences in General
- b) History and Geography
- c) History and Economics
- d) History and Sociology
- e) History and Anthropology
- f) History and Psychology
- g) History and political Science

Suggested Readings

Alvesson Mats (2002) : Postmodernism and Social Research

Bentley, Michael (1997) Companion to Historiography

The Historian's Craft (Knopf, 1953) Translated from French by Bloch, Marc (1954)

Peter Putnam (in Hindi)

Bloch, Marc (2000) Itihaskar Ka Shilp

Boyd, Kelly (ed.) (1999) Encyclopaedia of Historians and Historical Writing, Vol. 1 & 2

The Historians at Work (George Allen & Unwin, London, 1980) Carr, E.H. What is History (Macmillan, London, 1964, 1983) (in Hindi also)

Itihaas - Darshan Chaube, Jharkhande (1999)

The Idea of History (Oxford University Press, 1946, 1972, 2004) Collingwood, R.G. (2004)

Gardiner, Patrick (ed.) Theories of History (New York 1969)

Hobsbawm, Eric J. (2003) Itihaskar ki Chinta

Hughes-Warrington-Marine Fifty Great Thinkers on History (2004 Indian Reprint)

Lambert, Peter and Phillip

Canon, John (ed.) (1980)

Sccofield (2004)

Making History An Introduction to the Practices of a Discipline

Marwick, Arthur : The Nature of History (Macmillan, London, 1970, 1984) (in

Hindi also)

Marwick, Arthur (2008) : Itihas Ka Swarup

Marwick, Arthur (2001) : New Nature of History Knowledge, Evidence, Language

Sheikh Ali, B. History : Its Theory and Method (Macmillan, Madras, 1978)

Sreedharan, E. (2004) : A Textbook of Historiography 500 BC to AD 2000 (Orient

Longman, Delhi, 2000)

Stone, Lawrence (1987) : The Past and the Present (Revised)

Verma, Lal Bahadur (1984) : Itihas Ke Bare Mein

Woolf, D.R. (ed.) (1988) : A Global Encyclopaedia of Historical Writing (1 & 2)

INDIAN ARCHAEOLOGY (Group-A)

Paper: Pre-History of India

Paper Code: 17HIS23GA1

Course Outcomes

CO1: Criticially evaluate the knowledge of human evolution in world senerio as well as India

CO2: Criticially evaluate the knowledge of Paleo-environment during Stone Age in India especially from- Sohan, Narmada, Godavari and Kotlayar valleys.

CO3: Familiarize with the Lower, Middle and UpperPaleolithic and Mesolithic cultures of Indiadistribution, environment, typo-technology of tools, subsistence, art, chronology, evidences from important sites.

CO4: Understand the Prehistoric art; Neolithic culture of India and evidences from various regions.

Max. Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit-I

- a) Prehistory: Its aim, scope and method
- b) Climatic fluctuations during the Pleistocene period
- c) General background of World Prehistory
- d) Stone Age, Tools, techniques & probable uses

Unit-II

Lower Palaeolithic Culture in India

- a) Potwar region
- b) Beas and Banganga Valley
- c) Narbada Valley
- d) South India

Unit-III

- a) Middle Palaeolithic Culture in India
- b) Upper Palaeolithic Culture
- c) Mesolithic Culture: Eastern India, Western India, Southern India, Rajasthan and Uttar Pradesh

Unit-IV

Neolithic Cultures

- a) North India
- b) Eastern India
- c) North Eastern India
- d) South India

Suggested Readings:

Agrawal, D.P. : The Archaeology of India, New Delhi, 1984 Chakrabarti, D.K. (ed.) : Essays in Indian Proto-history, Delhi, 1979

Agrawal, D.P. & Ghosh A. (ed.) : Radiocarbon and Indian Archaeology, Bombay, 1973

Allchin, B & R : The Rise of Civilization in India and Pakistan, New Delhi,

1989

Allchin, F.R. : Origins of a Civilization, Delhi, 1997

Jain, K.C. : Prehistory and Proto-History of India, Agam Kala Prakashan,

New Delhi; 1979

Jayaswal, Vidula : Palaeo-History of India, Delhi, 1977

Sankalia, H.D. : Stone Age Tools : their Techniques, Name and Probable

Function, Pune, 1964

: Prehistory and Proto-history of Indian and Pakistan, Pune,

1974

Subbarao, B. : The Personality of India, Baroda, 1958

Verma, Radhakant : Bharatiya Pragaitihasik Sanskritiyan (in Hindi) Allahabad,

1977

Note: In addition, students are advised to consult the current Research Journal of History.

Paper: Proto-History of India Paper Code: 17HIS23GA2

Course Outcomes

CO1: Students understand the Pre and Early Harappan village cultures of North-Western India.

CO2: Students familiarize the Harappan Culture - Origin, extent, chronology, factors of urbanization, trade, script, religion, arts and craft, factors of decline.

CO3: Students gained knowledge of Post Harappan cultures in Punjab, Haryana, Rajasthan, Uttar Pradesh and Gujarat.

CO4.: Students understand the various Chalcolithic Cultures - Ahar, Kayatha, Malwa, Sawalda.

CO5: Critically analyze about Copper Hoard - OCP, antiquity of Iron in India, PGW and South Indian

Megalithic Culture

Max. Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit-I

Harappan Civilization:

a) Early Phase of Harappan Civilization

b) Mature Phase of Harappan Civilization : extent, chronology, characteristics

c) Urban Decline and Cultural transformations: Late Harappan horizons

Unit-II

Chalcolithic Cultures:

a) Central India: Kaytha, Ahar and Malwa Cultures

b) Rajasthan: Ahar (Banas) Culture

c) Deccan: Jorwe Culture

Unit-III

- a) Ochre Coloured Pottery
- b) Gangetic Valley Copper Hoards
- c) Problem of Black- and -Red Ware

Unit-IV

Iron Age Cultures:

- a) Antiquity of Iron in India
- b) Painted Grey Ware
- c) South Indian Megalithic Culture-Burial types and salient features

Suggested Readings:

Agrawal, D.P. : The Archaeology of India, New Delhi, 1984

Chakrabarti, D.K. : Essays in Indian Proto history, Delhi, 1979

(ed.)

Allchin, F.R. : Origins of a Civilization, Delhi, 1997

Deo, S.B. : Problem of South Indian Megaliths, Karnataka University Press, Dharwar,

1973

Jain, K.C. : Prehistory and Proto history of India, Agam Kala Prakashan, New Delhi,

1997

Lal, B.B. : The Earliest Civilization of South Asia, New Delhi, 1977

Moorti, U.S. : Megalithic Cultures of South India, Varanasi, 1994

Sankalia, H.D. : Prehistory and Proto-history of India and Pakistan, Pune, 1974.

Tripathi, V. : The Painted Grey Ware : An Iron Age Culture of Northern India, New

Delhi, 1976

Allchins, B. and F. R. : The Rise of civilization in Indian and Pakistan, New Delhi, 1989

Lal, B.B. and Gupta, : Frontiers of the Indus Civilization, Delhi, 1984

S.P. (ed.)

Possehl, G. : Ancient Cities of the Indus, New Delhi, 1979

Possehl, G. (ed.) : Harappan Civilization : A Contemporary Perspectives, Delhi, 1982

Ratnagar, S. : Understanding Harappa, New Delhi, 2001

Ratnagar, S. : The End of the Great Harappan Tradition, New Delhi, 2000

Paddayya, K. (ed.) : Recent Studies in Indian Archaeology, Munshiram Manoharlal Publishers,

New Delhi, 2002

Gaur, R.C. (ed.) : The Painted Grey Ware : Proceedings of the Seminar, Jaipur, 1994

Roy, T.N. : The Gangas Civilization, New Delhi, 1982

Gururaja Rao, B.K : The Megalithic Culture in South India, Mysore, 1981

Note: In addition, students are advised to consult the current Research Journal of History.

Paper: Ancient Indian Epigraphy and Palaeography-I

Paper Code: 17HIS23GA3

Course Outcomes:

CO1: Critically analyze the Inscriptions as a source of Indian History

CO2: Students will be able to understand the Origin and antiquity of art of writting in India as well as origin of Brahmi Script and Kharoshthi Script.

CO3: Critically analyze the various aspect of inscriptions and their importance as a source of Indian History

CO4: Students understand the decipherment and transliteration of Brahmi and Kharoshthi script.

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

- **Note:** (i) The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.
- (ii) In Unit IV, the first question shall carry one legible plate for decipherment into Devanagari/Roman script and second shall contain one passage for transliteration into the original script from the prescribed inscriptions. But both the questions should not be given from one inscription.

Unit-I

- a) Inscriptions as a source of Indian History
- b) Origin and antiquity of the art of writing in India
- c) Origin of Brahmi script
- d) Origin of Kharoshthi script

Unit-II

Historical and Cultural study of the following inscriptions:

- a) Asokan Rock Edict II (Girnar)
- b) Asokan Rock Edict XII (Girnar)
- c) Asokan Rock Edict XIII (Shahbazgarhi)
- d) Asokan Pillar Edict II (Delhi Topra : North Face)

Unit-III

Historical and Cultural study of the following inscriptions:

- a) Besnagar Garuda Pillar Inscription of Heliodorus
- b) Ayodhya Stone Inscription of Dhanadeva
- c) Shinkot Relic Casket Inscription of the time of Menander
- d) Hathigumpha Inscription of Kharavela

Unit-IV

Note: Inscriptions for decipherment into Devanagari/Roman script and transliteration into original script (in part or full):

a) Asokan Rock Edict-II (Girnar)

b) Rummindei Pillar inscription of Asoka

c) Sarnath Minor Pillar Edict of Asoka

d) Ayodhya Stone Inscription of Dhanadeva

Suggested Readings:

Agarwal, Jagannath : Researches in Indian Epigraphy and Numismatics, New Delhi, 1986

Bajpai, K.D. : Aitihasik Bharatiya Abhilekh (in Hindi), Publication Scheme, Jaipur,

1992

Barua, B.M. : Ashoka and his Inscriptions, Calcutta, 1946

Bhandarkar, D.R. : Ashoka (in Hindi also), Calcutta, 1946

Buhler, G. : Indian Palaeography, New Delhi., 1973

Dani, A.H. : Indian Palaeography, Oxford, 1963

Goyal, S.R. : Prachin, Bhartiya Abhilekh Sangraha (in Hindi), Jaipur, 1982

Gupta, P.L. : Prachin Bharat Ke Pramukh Abhilekh (in Hindi), Varanasi, 1979

Hultzsch, E. (ed.) : Corpus Inscriptionum Indicarum, Vol. I, New Delhi, 1991 (Reprint)

Ojha, G.H. : Prachin Bhartiya Lipimala (in Hindi), Delhi,1959

Pandey, R.B. : Historical and Literary Inscriptions, Varanasi, 1962

Sircar, D.C. : Select Inscriptions, Calcutta, 1965

Sircar, D.C. : Indian Epigraphy, Delhi, 1965 (translated in Hindi by K.D. Bajpai)

Note: In addition, students are advised to consult the current Research Journals of History and Epigraphy.

Paper: Ancient Indian Numismatics-I

Paper Code: 17HIS23GA4

Course Outcomes:

CO1: Critically analyze the coins as a source of Indian History and Numismatic studies in India

CO2: Students will be able to understand the Origin, evolution and antiquity of coin in India.

CO3: Students will obtain the interpretation of the numismatic iconography as an important source for historical and artistic studies

for historical and artistic studies.

CO4: Students will learn how identify coins of several periods and understand the decipherment and transliteration of Greek script.

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80

I.A : 20 Time : 3 Hrs.

Note: (i) The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

(ii) In Unit IV, the first question should be from 'a' and 'b' parts and second question should be from 'c' and 'd' parts of the unit on decipherment of coins.

Unit-I

- a) Numismatics: Aim, Method and Scope
- b) Numismatic Terminology
- c) Coins as a source of History
- d) History of Numismatic studies in India

Unit-II

- a) Origin and evolution of coinage in India
- b) Antiquity of Indian coins
- c) Techniques of manufacturing coins

Unit-III

- a) Punch Marked Coins
- b) Uninscribed and inscribed cast coins
- c) City Coins

Unit-IV

- a) Indo-Greek coins
- b) Tribal Coins: Audumbara, Kuninda, Yaudheya Coins for Decipherment
- c) Indo-Greek Coins
- d) Tribal Coins: Kuninda and Yaudheya

Bhandarkar, D.R. : Carmichael Lectures, Ancient Indian Numismatics (Reprint Patna, 1984)

Chakraborti, Swati : Socio- Religious and Cultural Study of Ancient Indian Coins

Cunningham, A. : Coins of Ancient India, Varanasi, 1971

Dasgupta, K.K. : Tribal History of Ancient India: A Numismatic Approach, Calcutta, 1974

Gardner, P. : The Coins of the Greek and Scythic Kings of Bactria and India in the

British Museum, Reprint New Delhi, 1971

Gupta, P.L. : Coins (4th Edition 1996, New Delhi)

Lahri, A.N. : Corpus of Indo-Greek Coins, Calcutta, 1965

Lahiri, Bela : Indigenous States of North India, Calcutta, 1964

Macdonald, G. : Evolution of Coinage, Cambridge, 1916

Mehta, V.D.M. : Indo-Greek Coins, Ludhiana, 1967

Mukharjee, B.N.: Technology of Indian Coins, Calcutta

and Lee, P.K.D.

Sharan, M.K. : Tribal Coins : A Study, New Delhi, 1972

Singh, J.P. and: Seminar Papers on the Tribal Coins of Ancient India (c. 300 B.C. to 400

Ahmed Nisar A.D.) Varanasi, 1977

Thakur, Upendra : Mints and Minting in India, Varanasi, 1972

Upadhyaya, V : Prachin Bhartiya Sikke (in Hindi), Allahabad, 1986

Bajpai, K.D. : Indian Numismatics Studies, New Delhi, 1976

Rao, Rajvant & : Prachin Bhartiya Mudrayen (in Hindi), Delhi, 1998

Rao P.K.

Santosh Bajpai : Aitihasik Bharatiya Sikke, Delhi, 1997

Ancient India (Group-B)

Paper: Political History of India (From earliest times to c.326 B.C.)

Paper Code: 17HIS23GB1

Course Outcomes

CO1: Students understand the sources of Indian History and criticially evaluate the knowledge of Stone Age in India.

CO2: Critically analysed the Indus civilization, Vedic and Post-Vedic Civilization.

CO3: Critically analysed the rise of Magadha Empire and Political condition of India on the eve of

Alexander's Invasion

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 20 I.A Time: 3 Hrs.

Note The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit-I

Sources:

- Sources of Ancient Indian History a)
- Main Features of the Stone Age b)

Unit-II

Indus Civilization:

- a) Origin, extent
- Town Planning and Drainage system b)
- Political System, Decline c)

Vedic and Post Vedic Civilization:

- Emergence of Tribal State and Kingship
- **Political Institutions** b)
- Monarchical and Republican States on the eve of Buddhism c)
- Buddhism and Jainism d)

Unit-III

Rise of Magadhan Empire:

- Haryanka dynasty a)
- b) Sisunag dynasty
- Nanda dynasty

Unit-IV

Political Condition and Events:

- a) Political Condition of India on the eve of Alexander's Invasion
- b) Alexander's Invasion, events & effects

Suggested Readings:

Sankalia, H.D. : Prehistory and Proto-history of India and Pakistan, Pune, 1974
Jain, K.C. : Prehistory and Proto-history of India, Agam Kala Prakashan,

New Delhi, 1979

Allchin, B & R : The Rise of civilization in India and Pakistan, New Delhi, 1989

Wheeler, R.E.M. : Early India & Pakistan, New York, 1959

Thpalyal, K.K. & Shukla, S.P. : Sindhu Sabhyata, Uttar Pradesh Hindi Sansthan, Lucknow, 1976

Sharma, R.S. : Political Ideas and Institutions in Ancient India, Motilal

Banarsidass Publishers, Delhi, 1959

Majumdar, R.C. & : The Vedic Age, Vidya Bhavan, 2nd (ed.), 1970

Pusalkar, A.D.

Raychaudhary, H.C. : Political History of Ancient India, University of Calcutta, 1972

Paper: Political History of India (From c. 326 B.C. to 320 A.D.)

Paper Code: 17HIS23GB2

Course Outcomes

CO1: Critically evaluated about the rise of Mauryan Empire, its administration and downfall.

CO2: Critically analysed the new developments i.e. Sungas, the Satavahanas, the Indo-Greeks and Rise of New Powers i.e. the Saka-Kshatrapas, the Pahlavas and the Kusanas

CO3: Students able to understand about the republics i.e. Yaudheyas, Kunindas, Audumbras and political condition of India before the rise of Gupta.

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

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Unit-I

The Mauryan Empire:

- a) Chadragupta Maurya and his achievements
- b) Asoka and his dhamma
- c) Mauryan Administration
- d) Downfall of the Empire

Unit-II

New Political Development

- a) The Sungas
- b) The Satavahanas
- c) The Indo-Greeks

Unit-III

Rise of New Powers:

- a) The Saka-Kshatrapas
- b) The Pahlavas
- c) The Kusanas

Unit-IV

Republics:

- a) The Yaudheyas
- b) The Kunindas
- c) The Audumbras
- d) Political Condition of India before the rise of Guptas

Mookerji, R.K. Chandragupta Maurya and His Times, Motilal Banarsidas, Delhi, 1966

Bhandarkar, D.R. Ashoka (English and Hindi edition) University of Calcutta, 1969

Thapar, Romila Ashoka and the Decline of the Mauryas, Oxford University Press, Delhi,

2004

Sastri, K.A.N. The Age of Nandas and Mauryas, Motilal Banarsidass (2nd ed.) Delhi,

1967

Sastri, K.A.N. (ed.) Comprehensive History of India, Vol. II, Delhi, 1987

Chattopadhyaya, S. Early History of North India

" Sakas in India, Visva-Bharti Prakashan, Calcutta, 1955

" Academicians in India

Pargitar, F.E. Ancient Indian Historical Tradition, Motilal Banarsidass, Delhi, 1962

Narain, A.K The Indo-Greeks, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1980

Agrawala, V.S. India as known to Panini, Lucknow, 1957

Puri, B.N India in the 'Times of Patanjali', Bombay, 1957

Puri, B.N India under the Kusanas, Calcutta, 1963 Lahiri, Bela Indigenous Republics of Ancient India

Mc Crindle The Invasion of India by Alexander the Great, Today and tomorrow

Printers and Publishers, New Delhi, 1982.

Yazdani, G. The Early History of Deccan

Deccan Ka Prachina Itihas, Motilal Banarsidass, Delhi, 1995

Mishra, S.N. Ancient Indian Republics, Upper India Publishing House, Lucknow, 1976.

Paper: Society and Culture of India - I (from Earliest Times to c.1200 A.D.)

Paper Code: 17HIS23GB3

Course Outcomes

CO1: Student understand about the society and culture of India from Earliest times to C. 1200 AD i.e. from Harappan, Vedic and Buddha's time.

CO2: Student understand the family organization, varna system and Ashrama system.

CO3: Student understand the Samskaras and Purusarthas.

CO4: Student understand about the Marriage, caste system and slavery.

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks..

Unit-I

Socio-Cultural Formation:

- a) Enquiries into Socio-Cultural life of Harappan People
- b) Vedic Society
- c) Society at Buddha's Time

Unit-II

Social Institutions-I:

- a) Family Organisation
- b) Varna system
- c) Asrama system

Unit-III

Social Institutions-II:

- a) Samskaras
- b) Purusarthas

Unit-IV

Social Institutions -III:

- a) Marriage
- b) Caste system
- c) Slavery

Kane, P.V. : History of Dharmashastra (Rel. Vols.) Bahandarkar Orient Research

Institute, Poona, 1930

Sharma, R.S. : Sudras in Ancient India, Motilal Banarsidass, Varanasi, Delhi, 1980

" : Perspectives in Social and Economic History of Early India

: Material Culture and Social formation in Ancient India, Macmillan, Delhi,

1983

Hutton, J. : Caste in India, Cambridge University, 1946

Ghurye, G.S. : The Brahmanical Institutions Gotra & Carana

Ghurye, G.S. : Caste and Race in India, Bombay, 1969

Upadhyaya, G.P. : Brahamanas in Ancient India Pandey, R.B. : Hindu Samskara, Delhi, 1976

Wagle, N.G. : Society at the time of Buddha, Bombay, 1966

Fick, R. : Social Organisation of North-Eastern Indian in Buddha's time, Trans. S.K.

Mitra, Delhi, 1972

Altekar, A.S. : Position of Women in Hindu Civilization, Motilal Banarsidass, Delhi, 1999

: Education in Ancient India, Varanasi, 1975

Chattopadhyaya, S. : Social Life in Ancient India, Calcutta, 1965

Prabhu, P.N. : Hindu Social Organisation

Thapar, Romila : Asoka and Decline of the Mauryas, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 2004

" : Ancient Indian Social History-Some interpretations from Lineage to Caste

Pub. Orient Longman, (Rp.) 2004, New Delhi.

Chattopadhyay, B. : Kushana State and Indian Society, Punthi Pustak, Calcutta, 1975

Rapson, E.J. : The Cambridge History of the India, Vol I, Delhi, 1955

Shastri, K.A.N. : Comprehensive History of India, Vol. II(ed.), reprint, Delhi, 1987

Bhattacharya, S.C. : Some Aspects of Indian Society from 2nd Century B.C. to 4th Cent A.D.,

Calcutta, 1978

Yadav, B.N.S. : Society and Culture of Northern India in the 12th Century, Central Book

Depot, Allahabad, 1973

Majumdar, B.P.: Socio-Economic History of Northern India (1030-1194), Firma K.L.

Mukhopadhyay Publishers, Calcutta, 1960

Smith, B.C. : Essays in Gupta Culture

Krishna, N. : South Indian History and society, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1984

Senagupta, N. : Evolution of Hindu Marriage, Bombay, 1965

Bary, W.I.D. (ed.) : Sources of Indian Tradition Vol. I, New York, 1958

Paper: Economic History of India- I (from earliest times to c.1200 A.D.)

Paper Code: 17HIS23GB4

Course Outcomes

CO1: Students understand about the Economic History of India (from Earliest times to C. 1200 AD) i.e. from Stone-age, Neolithic Culture and Harappan Culture.

CO2: Students understand the Vedic and Later Vedic Economy.

CO3: Students understand the Emergence and Growth of Industries i.e. Metal, Pot Making, Textile, Guilds in Buddhist Period and Trade and Commerce in Buddhist period.

CO4: Students understand about the Mauryan and Post-Mauryan Economy.

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit-I

Survey of Sources and Early Cultures

- a) Stone Age-Food Gathering Economy
- b) Advent of food Production Neolithic Culture
- c) Urban Experiment-Harappan Culture

Unit-II

Vedic Economy:

a) Early Vedic b) Later Vedic

Unit-III

Emergence and Growth of Industries:

- a) Metal
- b) Pot Making
- c) Textile
- d) Guilds in Buddhist Period
- e) Trade and Commerce in Buddhist period

Unit-IV

Mauryan and Post Mauryan Economy:

- a) Nature and Features
- b) Land system and Land Revenue System
- c) Ownership of Land
- d) Irrigation

Trade and Commerce

- a) Internal Trade
- b) Foreign Trade: Trade Relations with Roman and South Asian World
- c) Mechanism of Trade: Trade Route, Forms of Exchange, Currency and Coinage.

Gregory Possehl: Ancient Cities of the Indus the Harappan Civilization: A Contemporary

(ed.) Perspective, Vistaar Publication, New Delhi, 2002

Sharma, R.S. : Material Culture and Social formations in Ancient India, Macmillan,

Delhi, 1983

Sharma, R.S. : Perspectives in Social & Economic History of Early India, Munshiram

Manoharlal Publishers, New Delhi, 1983

" : Indian Feudalism, Macmillan, (2nd edn.) Delhi, 1980

Ghoshal, U. N. : Contribution to the History of Hindu Revenue system, Calcutta, 1929

: Agrarian System in Ancient India, Calcutta University, (2nd edn.)

Calcutta, 1973

Adhey, G..L : Early Indian Economics, Asia Publishing House, Delhi, 1966

Jha, D.N. : Revenue system in Post Mauryan and Gupta times, Punthi Pustak

Publisher, Calcutta, 1967

: Studies in Early Indian Economic History, Delhi, 1980

Gopal, Lallanji : Economic Life in Northern India, Motilal Banarsidass, (2 nd edn.) Delhi,

1989

: Aspects of the History of Agriculture in Ancient India, Bharti Prakashan,

Varanasi, 1980

Majumdar, B.P. : Socio-Economic History of Northern India (1030-1194), Calcutta, 1960 Sircar, D.C. (ed) : Land System and Feudalism in ancient India (1030-1194), Calcutta, 1960

Yazdani, G: Early History of Deccan, Oriental Book, New Delhi, 1982

Niyogi, P. : Economic History of Northern India, Progressive Publisher, Calcutta, 1966

Kosambi, D.D. : An Introduction to the Study of Indian History, Popular Parkashan,

Bombay, 1956

Chattopadhyaya, B.D.

Coins and Currency System in South India, Munshiram Manoharilal, New

Delhi, 1977

Pandey, B.K. : Temple Economy under Cholas

Thapar, Romila : Asoka and decline of the Mauryas, Oxford, 1973

Rai, Jaimal : The Rural-Urban economy and Social Changes in Ancient India, Delhi,

1974

Shastri, K.A.N. : A History of South India, Oxford, New York, 2003

Kher, M.N. : Agrarian and Fiscal economy in Mauryan and Post Mauryan Age Delhi,

1973

Ghosh, A. : The City in early Historical India, Shimla, 1973

Thakur, V.K. : Urbanisation- Ancient India, Abhinav Publication, New Delhi, 1981 : Historiography of Indian Feudalism, Janaki Parkashan, Patna, 1989

Medieval India (Group-C)

Paper: Political History of India (c.1200-1526 A.D.) Political Events

Paper Code: 17HIS23GC1

Course Outcomes

CO1: Students understand about the sources, Impact of Turkish Conquests.

CO2: Students understand the coquest and expansion of Ilbaris and their consolidation and

construction of power.

CO3: Students understand the Khalji Revolution and experiments of Muhammed Tughlaq.

CO4: Students understand about Mangol Problem and distintegration of the Sultanate.

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit-I

- a. A brief survey of sources
- b. From Ghurid state to the establishment of Delhi Sultanate
- c. Impact of the Turkish Conquest

Unit-II

Ilbaris -

- a. Conquest and Expansion
- b. Consolidation and construction of Power
- c. Sultan and Nobility

Unit-III

Khaljis and Tughlaqs-

- a. Khalji Revolution
- b. Consolidation and construction of power
- c. Experiments of Muhammed Tughlaq

Unit-IV

- a. Mangol Problem
- b. Regional states-Jaunpur, Malwa, Gujarat
- c. Distintegration of the Sultanate

Habibullah, A.B.M. : A Foundation of Muslim Rule in India (in Hindi also) Allahabad, 1992

Habib Mohd. & Nizami : Comprehensive History of India Vol. V (in Hindi also), New Delhi,

1982

Tripathi, R.P. : Some Aspect of Muslim Administration, Allahabad, 1989

Lal, K.S. : History of Khaljis (in Hindi also) Bombay, 1967

Prasad, Ishwari : History of Qarauna Turks, Allahabad, 1936

Hussain, Mahdi : Tughlaq Dynasty, New Delhi, 1976

Qureshi, I.H. : Administration of the Sultans of Delhi, Lahore, 1942Day, U.N. : Some aspects of Medieval Indian History, Delhi, 1993

: Government of the Sultanate, New Delhi, 1993

Gulati. G..D. : India's North-West Frontier (in Pre-Mughal India) New Delhi, 1985

Habib Irfan (ed.) : Medieval India (Vol.1 Researches in the History of India 1200-1750,

Delhi, 1992

" : Madhyakaleen Bharat Vols. I to 8 (in Hindi Relevant articles), New

Delhi, 1981-2003

Nigam, S.B.P. : Nobility under the Sultans of Delhi, Delhi, 1968

Kulke Herman and : A History of India, Delhi, 1991

Rothermund Dietmar : State in India (1000-1700), Delhi, 1995

Chandra, Satish : Medieval India - Vol . I (From Sultanate to the Mughal)

New Delhi, 1998

Nizami, K.A. : Some aspects of Religion and Politics in India during the Thirteenth

Century, Delhi, 1978

Hardy, Peter : Historians of Medieval India (Studies in Indo-Muslim Historic

Writing), London, 1960

Muhibbul Hasan (ed.) : Historians of Medieval India, Meerut, 1968

Rizvi, S.A.A. : Aadi Turk Kaleen Bharat, Aligarh, 1956

" : Khalji Kaleen Bharat, Aligarh, 1955

" : Tughlaq Kaleen Bharat, Vol. I & II, Aligarh, 1956, 1957

: The Wonder that was India, Vol. II, London, 1987

Verma, H.C. : Madhyakaleen Bharat Vol. 170 -1540 A.D. (in Hindi) Delhi, 1983

Sharma, G.D. : Madhyakaleen Bharat Ki Rajnitik, Samajik Evam Aarthik Sansthayen

(in Hindi) Jaipur, 1992

Ashraf, K.M. : Life and Condition of the people of Hindustan (in Hindi) Delhi, 1990

Hussain, Mahdi : A Critical Study of the sources of Medieval India (1320-1526) Islamic

Culture, 1957.

Rosenthal, F. : History of Muslim Historiography, Brill Academic Pub., 1997.

Paper: Political History of India (1526 -1757) Political Events

Paper Code: 17HIS23GC2

Course Outcomes

CO1: Students understand about the Babur, Humayun, Bairam Khan, Akbar, Jahangir, Nurjahan, Shahjahan, Aurangzeb and their administration.

CO2: Students understand about the war of succession, later mughal and decline of Mughal empire.

CO3: Students understand about the North-West Frontier Policy, Central Asian Policy and Deccan Policy of the Mughals,

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit-I

- a. Babur
- b. Humayun
- c. Bairam Khan
- d. Akbar

Unit-II

- a. Jahangir
- b. Nurjahan
- c. Shahjahan
- d. Aurangzeb

Unit-III

- a. War of Succession
- b. Later Mughals and Decline of Empire

Unit-IV

- a. North-West Frontier Policy of the Mughals
- b. Central Asian Policy of Mughals
- c. Deccan Policy of the Mughals

Stein, Burton : A History of India, Cambridge, 1998

Satish Chandra : Medieval India, Vol.2

: Essays on Medieval Indian History, New Delhi, OUP, Vol. 2

Mehta, J.L. : Medieval Bharat, Vol. 2

Verma, H.C. (ed.) : Madhyakalin Bharat, Vol. 2

Gascoin, Bamber : The Great Mughals, London, 1971

Richars, J.F : The Mughal Empire, Cambridge University Press, Delhi, 1993

Sarkar, Jadunath : The Fall of the Mughal Empire, 4 Vols., Orient Longman, Delhi, 1988-92

(Fourth edition)

Sarkar, Jadunath : History of Aurangzeb Based upon original sources 5 Vols. Calcutta, 1912-30

Satish Chandra : Parties and Politics at the Mughal Court, People's Publishing House, Delhi,

1979, First published, 1959

Habib, Irfan : The Agrarian System of Mughal India : 1556-1707, Asia Publishing House,

New York, 1963

Mukhia, Harbans : Perspectives on Medieval History, New Delhi, 1993

IGNOU Booklets

Paper: Society and Culture of India (c. 1200 -1526 A.D.)

Paper Code: 17HIS23GC3

Course Outcomes

CO1: Students understand about the main features of social structure and religio-cultural traditions of Turkish invasion,

CO2: Students understand the establishment of Delhi Sultanate and Challenges to Indian Society,

CO3: Student get the knowledge about the Religious Classes- Ulema, Sayyads and Sufis and understand the rise, impact of Bhakti Movements.

CO4: Student understand the rise, impact of Sufism.

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit-I

- 1. Society on the eve of Turkish Invasion
 - a. Main features of Social Structure
 - b. Religio-Cultural Traditions
- 2. Establishment of Delhi Sultanate and Challenges to Indian Society

Unit-II

Social Structure-

- a. Ruling Class
- b. Religious Classes- Ulema, Sayyads and Sufis
- c. Service class
- d. Artisans
- e. Peasantry

Unit-III

- 1. Development of Indian Islam
- 2. Bhakti Movement :- Rise, Growth and Impact

Radicals -

- b. Kabir
- c. Nanak

Unit-IV

Sufism -

a. Rise Growth and Impact

Silsilahs -

- b. Chisti
- c. Suhrawardi

Yadav B.N.S. : Society and Culture in Northern India in the 12th Century, Allahabad,

1973

Sharma, R.S. : Social Change in early Medieval India, Delhi, 1969

Ahmed, Aziz : Studies on Islamic Culture in the Indian Environment, Oxford, 1964

Arberry, A.J. : Sufism, London, 1956

Rizvi, S.A.A. : A History of Sufism in India 2 Vols., Delhi, 1997

Bhandarakar, R.G. : Vaisnavism, Saivism and Minor Religious System, Poona, 1959

Tara Chand : Influence of Islam on Indian Culture, Allahabad, 1976

Mcloed, W.M. : Guru Nanak and the Sikh Religion, Delhi, 1968

Majumdar, A.K. : Bhakti Renaissance, Bhartiya Vidya Bhawan, Bombay, 1965

Mansura, Haider (ed.) : Sufis, Sultans and Feudal Orders, Delhi, 2004

Hussain, Yusuf : Glimpses of Medieval Indian Culture, Delhi, 1962 (in Hindi also)

Shyam, Radhey : Sultanate Kalin Samaj Ka Arthic Itihas, Allahabad, 1987

Nizami, K.A. : State and Culture in Medieval India, Delhi, 1985

: Some Aspects of Religion and Politics in India during the 13th Century,

Delhi, 1978

Verma, H.C. : Madhya Kalin Bharat, Vol. I (750-1540 A.D.) Delhi, 1983 (in Hindi)
Rashid, A. : Society and Culture in Medieval India (1200-1556), Calcutta, 1969

Chandra, Satish : Historiography, Religion and State in Medieval India, Delhi, 1997 (in

Hindi also)

" : Medieval India, Vol. I (from Sultanate to the Mughal) New Delhi, 1998

(in Hindi also)

Habib Irfan (ed.) : Madhya Kaleen Bharat Vols. I to 8 (Relevant Articles), New Delhi,

1981-2003 (in Hindi)

" : Bhartiya Itihas Mein Madhyakal, Delhi, 2002

Saxena, R.K. : Madhya Kaleen Bharat Ke Aarthik Pahloo, Jaipur, 1996 (in Hindi)

Sharma, G.D. : Madhya Kaleen Bharat Ki Rajnitik, Samajik Avam Aarthik Sansthayen

(in Hindi) 1992

Siddiqui, I.H. (ed.) : Medieval India : Essays in Intellectual Thought & Culture Vol. I, Delhi,

2003

Yasin, Muhammad : Islami Bharat Ka Samajik Itihas, Lucknow, 1958 (in Hindi)

Paper: Economic History of India (1200-1526 A.D.)

Paper Code: 17HIS23GC4

Course Outcomes

CO1: Students understand about Pre-sultnate economy and Land Revenue syste during Early Turks, Khaljis, Tughlaqs and Lodhis.

CO2: Students understand the Irrigation and Changes in Crop-Pattern.

CO3: Student get the knowledge about the Currency, Industries and Trade and Commerce during

that period

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit-I

- a. Pre-Sultanate Economy
- b. Land revenue System: Early Turks, Khaljis, Tughlaqs and Lodhis
- c. Peasantry, Famine
- d. Irrigation and Changes in Crop-pattern

Unit-II

- a. Iqta System
- b. Market Control Policy and Prices of Commodities
- c. Village Organisation
- d. Khuts, Muqaddams and Chaudharies

Unit-III

- a. Technological changes and Economy
- b. Merchants Class
- c. Usury
- d. Currency System

Unit-IV

- a. Industries
- b. Trade and Commerce: Inland and External Trade
- c. Growth of Towns
- d. Urbanization

Mukhia, Harbans : Perspectives on Medieval History, Vikas Publishing House, Delhi,

1993

Chandra, Satish : Medieval India (from Sultanate to Mughals) Vol. I & II (English &

Hindi), Har Anand, New Delhi, 2004

Methew, K.S. : The Portuguese Trade with India in the Sixteenth Century, New

Delhi, 1983

Subramanyam, Sanjay, ed. : Merchants, Market and State in Early Modern India, Delhi, 1990

Bagchi, Amiya Kumar Ed. : Money and Credit in Indian History, Tulika, 2002

Panikar K.N. Ed. The Making of History-Essays Presented to Irfan Habib, Tulika, New

Delhi, 20

Satish Chander Ed. Religion, State and Society in Medieval India, O.U.P., 2008

Habib, Irfan Madhyakaleen Bharat Vol. I - VIII (in Hindi also) Raj Kamal

Prakashan, New Delhi, 1951, 1972, 1991, 1992, 1994, 1992, 2000,

2003

Kosambi, D.D. An Introduction to the Study of Indian History IX & X, New Delhi,

1972

Sharma, R.S. Indian Feudalism (revised edition) Macmillan, 1990

Moreland, W.H. Agrarian System of Moslem India, Deli,2ndEdition 1968

Ashraf, K.M. Life and Condition of the People of Hindustan, New Delhi, 1998

Chaudhary, Tapan Ray Cambridge Economic

Habib, Irfan (ed.) History of India (c. 1200-1750 A.D.) Vol. I, CUP, 1982

Verma, H.C. Madhyakaleen Bharat (740-1540) A.D. Vol I and II, Hindi

implementation Board Delhi University.

Frekenberg (Ed.) Land Control and Social Structures in Indian History, London, 1969

Gupta, N.S. Industrial Structure of India during the Medieval Period

Habib, Irfan Essays in India History: Towards a Marxist Approach, New Delhi,

1995

Cipolla, C.W. Between History and Economic History, New Delhi, 1991

Thakur, Vijay Kumar

(Ed.)

Peasant in Indian History, Patna, 1996

Anshuman & Ashok (ed.) Theoretical Issues and structural Enquiries

Habib, Irfan Bhartiya Itihas Mein Madhyakal, Granth Shilpi, 2002

Ray, Anirudha & Bagchi,

S.K. (Ed.)

Technology in Ancient and Medieval India, Delhi, 1986

Chattopadhaya, D.P. (Ed.) Studies in the History of Science in India, New Delhi, 1982

History of Humanity, Vol. V, Paris/London, 1999

S. Gopal & Thapar Romila Problems of Historical Writings in India, Delhi, 1963

Ed.)

Modern Group (Group-D)

Paper: Political History of India (1757-1947) I

Paper Code: 17HIS23GD1

Course Outcomes

CO1: Students understand about the sources of Modern Indian History i.e. Archival Records, Private Papers, Newspapers, Periodicals and Oral Traditions.

CO2: Students understand the pre-colonial Indian Polity.

CO3: Students understand the emergence of British Power and Indian resistances.

CO4: Students understand the diplomatic means of British Expansion and Paramountecy and aftermaths.

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks

Unit-I

1. Sources of Modern Indian History:

- a. Archival Records
- b. Private Papers
- c. News Papers
- d. Periodicals
- e. Oral Traditions

2. Pre-Colonial Indian Polity:

- a. Decline of Mughal Empire
- b. Rise of Successor States

Unit-II

1. Emergence of British Power: 1757-1765

- a. English East India Company -History 1600 AD 1757 A.D.
- b. Battle of Plassey
- c. Battle of Buxar
- d. Political Settlement of 1765

2. The Indian Resistance

- a. Anglo Mysore Relations 1767-1799
- b. Anglo-Maratha Relations 1775-1818

Unit-III

1. Diplomatic Means of British Expansion :

- a. Subsidiary Alliance System
- b. Political Settlement of 1817-1818
- c. Doctrine of Lapse

2. The Paramountecy and aftermath:

- a. Conquest of Sind
- b. Annexation of Punjab

Unit-IV

1. Beyond Natural Frontiers:

- a. Nepal
- b. Burma

2. The People's Response:

- a. Discontent and Disaffection during Company's Rule
- b. Revolt of 1857 Nature, Participation and Impact

Suggested Readings:

Dodwell, H.H (ed.) : The Cambridge History of India Vol. V, Cambridge, 1934, 1937

Sutherland, Lucy : The East India Company in the 18th Century Politics, Oxford, 1952

Gupta, Brijan K. : Siraj-ud-daula and the East India Company, 1962

Khan, Mohibul Hasan : Tipu Sultan

Roberts, P.E. : India under Wellsley

Sinha N.K. : Ranjit Singh

Sen, S.N. : Eighteenth Fifty Seven, Delhi, 1957, Calcutta, 1958

Majumdar, R.C. (ed.) : British Paramantacy and India's Renaissance Vol. X, Pt.1,

Bombay, 1965-68

: The Sepoy Mutiny and Revolt of 1857, Calcutta, 1957

Tara Chand : History of Freedom Movement Vol. I & II, Delhi, 1991

Misra, B.B. : Central Administration of the East India Company 1773-1834,

Macmillan, 1959

: The Administrative History of India, 1834-1947

Stokes, Eric : English Utilitarian and India, Oxford, 1959

Philips, C.H. : The East India Company, 2nd edn., London, 1962

Metcalfe, T.R. : Aftermath of the Revolt, Princeton, 1964

Pannikar, K.M. : An Introduction to the study of the Relations of Indian States with

the Government of India, London, 1932

Spear, P. : History of India, Vol. II, Penguin, 1965

: Master of Bengal : Robert Clive, 1976

Banerjee, A.C. : A New History of Modern India 1757-1947

Sardesai, G.S. : New History of the Marathas - Vols II. III, Bombay, 1946

Sardesai, G.S. : The Main Current of Maratha History.

Norris. J.A : The First Afghan War, 1838-42

Penderal Moon : Warren Hastings and British India, London, 1954

R.C. Majumdar, and Dutta : Advanced History of India Vol. III, 4th ed. Delhi, 1978

K.K. & Ch., H.C. Ray

Prasad Bisheshwar: : Bondage and Freedom, Vol. I

Paper: Indian National Movement (1885-1919)

Paper Code: 17HIS23GD2

Course Outcomes

CO1: Students understand about the Indian Nationalism and role of Indian National Congress sources.

CO2: Students understand the emergence of Communal Politics and Era-Communal Co-ordination India and the first world war

CO3: Students understand the emergence of British Power and Indian resistances.

CO4: Students understand constitutional development - British reaction

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit-I

1. Indian Nationalism:

- a. Emergence
- b. Causes
- c. Approaches

2. Indian National Congress

- a. Pre-Congress Political Associations
- b. Genesis
- c. Theories

Unit-II

1. Nationalist Agitation: 1885-1905

- a. Moderates Programmes and Ideology
- b. Revolutionary Movement The First Phase

2. Nationalist Agitation: 1905-1919:

- (a) Extremists- Programmes and Ideology
- (b) Anti-Partition of Bengal agitation- Swadesh Movement

Unit-III

1. Emergence of Communal Politics:

- a. Establishment of All India Muslim League 1906
- b. Hindu Mahasabha

2. Era of Communal Co-ordination:

- a. Lucknow Pact-aims and impact
- b. Home Rule Movement-aims, Programmes and impact

Unit-IV

1. India and the first World War:

- a. Impact of Indian National Movement
- b. Rise of Left in Indian Politics

2. Constitutional Development - A British Reaction:

- a. Indian Council Acts
- b. Morley Minto Reforms-1909
- c. Montague-Chelmsford Reforms-1919

Suggested Readings:

Seal, Anil The Emergence of Indian Nationalism, Cambridge, 1968 Mehrotra, S.R. The Emergence of Indian National Congress, Delhi, 1971

Tripathi, A. The Extremist Challenge: India between 1890-1910, Calcutta, 1967

Argov, Daniel Moderates and Extremists in the Indian National Movement

Desai, A.R. Social Background of Indian Nationalism, Bombay, 1959 (ed.)

Tara Chand History of the Freedom Movement Vol. I, II, III, IV., Delhi, 1961

Majumdar, R.C. History of Freedom Movement Vol. I, II, III, Calcutta, 1962-63

Dutt, R.P. India Today, Bombay, 1949
Mujeeb, M Indian Muslims, London 1967

Sarkar, S. Swadeshi Movement in Bengal-1903-1908, New Delhi, 1973

" Modern India 1885-1947, New Delhi, 1983

Das, M.N. India under Morley and Minto, London, 1964

Singh, Parduman Lord Minto and Indian Nationalism 1905-1910, Delhi, 2001 New ed.

Dhankar, Jaiveer Singh Prelude to Pakistan, Delhi, 2000 Wolpert Stanley A. Tilak adn Gokhle, California, 1962

Yadav, B.D Allan Octavian Hume-Father of the Congress, Delhi, 1992

Madame Bhikhaiji Cama A True Nationalist, Delhi, 1952

Paper: Society and Culture of India (1757-1947) I

Paper Code: 17HIS23GD3

Course Outcomes

CO1: Students understand about the Pre-British Indian Society, British and Indian Society i.e. Christian Missionaries, British Social Policy and Approaches -Evangelicalist and Orientalist.

CO2: Critically analyze the grouth of new education system and role of press in sociopolitical consciousness

CO3: Critically analyze the Indian literature and role in Indian cultural renaissance

CO4: Students understand about social reforms of 19th century in India and women's emancipation

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit-I

1. Pre-British Indian Society:

a. General Featuresb. Rural Society

c. Urban Society

Unit-II

1. British and Indian Society:

a. Christian Missionariesb. British Social Policy

c. Approaches-Evangelicalist and Orientalist

2. Growth of New Education:

- a. Wood's Dispatch and Aftermath
- b. Its Role in Socio-Political Consciousness

Unit-III

1. Press

- a. Rise and Growth of Press
- b. Its Role in Socio-Political Consciousness

2. Literature:

a Hindi Literature b. Bengali Literature

c. Role in Indian Cultural Renaissance

Unit-IV

1. Social Reforms:

a. Sati b. Infanticide

e. Window Remarriage Movement d. Age of Consent Bill Agitation

2. Women's Emancipation

a. Status b. Property Rights

c. Socio-Political Participation

Banga, Indu and Jaidev (eds.) : Cultural Reorientation of Modern India, 1996

Bayly, C.A. : Indian Society and the Making of the English Empire (Cambridge

University Press, London, 1987)

Bhattacharya, Sabyasachi (ed.) : The Contested Terrarium : Perspectives on foundation in India

(Hyderabad, 1988)

" : Education and the Dis-privileged : Nineteenth and Twentieth

Century in India

Forbes, Geraldine : Women in Modern India, (London, 1998)

Kumar, Ravinder : Essay's in Social History of Modern India (Modern, 1968)

: Adhunik Bharat Ka Samajik Itihas

Mani, Lata : Contentious Traditions : The Debate on Sati in Colonial India (New

Jersey, 1990)

Mukerji, D.P. : Indian Culture : A Sociological Study

Nair, Janaki : Women and Law in Colonial India : A Social History

Sangari, Kumkum & Sudesh

Vaid (eds.)

Recasting Women: Essay in Colonial History

Sharma, R.S. (ed.) : Indian Society: Historical Probing in Memory of D.D. Kosambi

Stokes, E. : English Utilitarians and India (London, 1959)

Ballhachet, K.A. : Social Policy and Social Change in India

McCully, B.T. : English Education and the origin of Nationalism (Gloucester, 1966)

Ahmed A.F.S. : Social Ideas and Social change in Bengal

Ravinder Kumar : Western India in 19th Century

Kopf. D. : British Orientalism and the Bengal Renaissance (Berkeley, 1969)

Majumdar, B.B. : History of India Social and Political Ideas

Desai, A.R. : Social Background of Indian Nationalism

Sinha, S. : "Social Change" in N.K. Sinha (ed) History of Bengal

Mukherjee, S.N. : "The Social Implications of the Political thought of Indian Society",

Historical Probing (ed.) R.S. Sharma

Brun De : "Political and Social Trends in 18th Century in India" vide Studies

in Social and Economic History of India, Vol III

Das, M.N. Chopra : Social and Economic History of Vol. III

L.S.S,O' Malley : Modern Indian and the West Sumit Sarkar : Modern India (Delhi, 1983)

Narain V.A. : Social History of Bengali Literature

Ram Kumar Verma : A History of Hindi Literature

Bayly, C.A. : Indian Society and the Making of the English (London, 1987)

Forbes, Geraldine : Women in Modern India

Paper: Economic History of India (1757-1947)-I

Paper Code: 17HIS23GD4

Course Outcomes

CO1: Students understand about the Pre-British Indian Society, British and Indian Society i.e. Christian Missionaries, British Social Policy and Approaches -Evangelicalist and Orientalist.

CO2: Critically analyze the grouth of new education system and role of press in sociopolitical consciousness

CO3: Critically analyze the Indian literature and role in Indian cultural renaissance

CO4: Students understand about social reforms of 19th century in India and women's emancipation

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit-I

1. Pre-colonial Indian Economy

- a) Rural economy: agriculture and artisans
- b) Urban economy: artisans and manufacture
- c) Rural and Urban trade

2. Disintegration of the pre-colonial economy

- a) Debate over de-industrialization
- b) Causes for the disintegration of the rural economy

Unit-II

1. Debate about Colonialism and its impact on Indian Economy

2. Population during the colonial period

- a) Estimates prior to the first Censos of 1872
- b) Patterns of population growth since 1872, with reference to Fertility rates, Mortality rates and Women-men ratio
- c) Debate over de-urbanization and trends of migration and workforce

3. National and Per-capita income:

- a) Estimates and comparison
- b) Contribution of Agriculture, Industry and Tertiary services

Unit-III

1. Rural Economy

- a) Colonial land revenue settlements: Permanent Settlement, Ryotwari and Mahalwari
- b) Commercialization of agriculture with reference to crop, land labour and credit markets.

2. Rural Indebtedness and institutions to meet rural credit needs in colonial India

3. Peasant Revolt

Unit-IV

1. Irrigation system and changes in it during the colonial period

2. Famines and the colonial Government:

- a. Causes, geographical spread and number of famines in colonial
- b. Evolution of the colonial policy regarding famines

Suggested Readings:

Bhatia, B.M. : Famines in India: A study in Some Aspects of the Economic

History of India, Bombay, 1967

Bhattacharya, Dhires : A Concise History of Indian Economy : From the mid-Eighteen to

the Present Century, Calcutta, 1972

Bhattacharya, Sabyasachi : Adhunik Bharat Ka Arthik Itihaas, New Delhi and Patna, 1990

Davey, Brian : The Economic Development of India, Nottingham, 1975

Desai, A.R. : Peasant Struggles in India, Bombay, 1948

Gadgil, D.R. : The Industrial Evolution of India in Recent Times, London, 1934

Habib, Irfan : Indian Economy, 1858-1914, New Delhi, 2007

Kumar, Dharma (ed.) : The Cambridge Economic History of India Vol. 2 : c. 1757-1970,

Cambridge, 1982

Mishra, Girish : Agrarian Problems of Permanent Settlement, Delhi, 1978

Mishra, Girish : Aadhunik Bharat Ka Arthik Itihas, Delhi, 1977

Mukherjee, Aditya: : "The Return of the Colonial in Indian Economic History: The

Last Phase of Colonialism in India", Presidential Address, Modern

Section, Indian History Congress, 68th Session, New Delhi.

Raj, K.N. : Essays on the Commercialization of Indian Agriculture

Roy, Tithankar : The Economic History of India, 1857-1947, New Delhi, OUP,

2006

Singh, V.B. : Economic History of India, 1857-1956, Bombay, 1975

Sivasubramonian, S. : National Income of India in the Twentieth Century, Unpublished

Ph.D. Thesis, Delhi University

Tomlinson, B.R. : The Economy of Modern India, 1860-1970, Cambridge, 1993

M.A. History-IVth Semester

Paper: Historiography: Concepts, Methods and Tools - II

Paper Code: 17HIS24C1

Number of credits : 5

Nature of course : Core

Aim of the course : The broad aim is to acquaint students with the basic understanding

of the subject history, its philosophy, the research method and

other basic ideas.

Course Outcomes

CO1: Students developed their ability to assess critically historical analysis and argument, past and present.

CO2: Students gained an understanding of the development of the academic study of history throughout the world since the later eighteenth century

CO3: Students gained an awareness of recent and contemporary debates in the theory, practice of historical writing and gained debate in history thinker

CO4: Students gained insight into how historical arguments have been and are made become aware of historiographical traditions outside the West

CO5: students had the opportunity to think reflexively about the nature of the historical enterprise within society

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit-I

Modern Approaches in History:

- a) Positivist
- b) Classical Marxist
- c) Later Marxist
- d) Gender in History
- e) Environment in History
- f) Annals

Unit-II

Modern Indian Approaches in History:

- a) Colonial History Writing
- b) Nationalist History Writing
- c) Communalist History Writing
- d) Marxist History Writing
- e) Cambridge School and
- f) Subaltern School

Unit-III

Major Debates in History:

- a) Rise of Feudalism
- b) Rise of Capitalism
- c) Origin of Imperialism
- d) Origin of Nationalism

Unit-IV

Making a Research Proposal:

- a) Choice of Subject
- b) Survey of literature
- c) Formulation of hypothesis
- d) Identification of sources
- e) Description of research methodology
- f) Elaboration of research proposal

Suggested Readings:

Anthias, Floya and : Woman, Nation, State Basingstoke, Macmillan and New York St. Martin's

Nira Yuval-Davis Press

Companion to Historiography, London Routledge, 1997 Bentley, Michael

Bottomore, Tom Theories of Modern Capitalism, New Delhi, Universal Book Stall

Encyclopaedia of Historians and Historical Writings, Vols. I and II, Boyd, Kelly (ed.)

London/Chicago, Fitzroy Dearborn Publishers

Burke, Peter New Perspectives of Historical Writing, 2nd Ed. Cambridge, Polity Press, 2001

Chaube, Jharkhande Itihaas-Darshan, Varanasi, Vishwavidyalaya Prakashan, 1999.

Clark, Stuard (ed.) The Annals School: Critical Assessment Volume I Histories and Overviews,

London and New York, Routledge

Guha, Ramchandra Environmentalism: A Global History, New Delhi, Oxford University Press

The Transition from Feudalism to Capitalism, (in Hindi) London, Verso Hilton, Rodney (ed.)

Samantwaad Se Punjiwaad Mein Sankraman, Delhi Granth Shilpi, 2008

Itihaskar Ki Chinta, Delhi Granth Shilpi, 2008 Hobsbawm, Eric. J,

What is Environmental History? Cambridge/Malden Polity Press, 2006 Hughes, J. Donald

Hutchison, John and

Anthony D. Smith

Nationalism, Oxford and New York, Oxford University Press, 1994

Landes, Joan B. Women and the Public sphere in the Age of the French Revolution, Ithaca, NY,

Cornell University Press, 1988

Marwick, Arthur The Nature of History Macmillan, London, 1970, 1984

Mukhia, Harbans The Feudalism Debate (in Hindi), New Delhi, Manohar, 2000

Feudalism aur Gair-Europeye Samaj, Delhi Granth Shilpi (India), 2007

Studies in the theory of Imperialism, London, Longman, 1972

Owen, Roger and

Bob Sutcliffe (eds.)

Sarkar, Sumit : Writing Social History (Oxford University Press, Delhi, 1997

" : Samajik Itihaas - Lekhan Ki Chunauti, Delhi Granth Shilpi

Scot, John : Gender and the Politics of History, New York, Columbia University Press,

1988

Smith, Anthony D. : The Nation in History: Historiography Debates about Nations and Nationalism,

Cambridge Polity Press, 2000

Sreedharan, E. : A Textbook of Historiography 500 BC- 2000AD, (Orient Longman, Delhi, 2000)

Verma, Lal Bahadur : Itihaas Ke Bare Mein, New Delhi, Prakashan Sansthan, 1984

Weber, Max : Protestant Acharshastra aur Puniwadi Chetna, Delhi Granth Shilpi (India), 2006

Woolf, D.R. (ed.) : A Global Encyclopaedia of Historical Writing, Volumes 1 & 2, New York &

London, Garland Publishing, Inc. 1988.

Indian Archaeology (Group-A)

Paper: Principles and Methods of Archaeology

Paper Code: 17HIS24GA1

Course Outcomes

CO1: Students get basic knowledge of scope of Archaeology and relation of Archaeology with social sciences & Pure sciences.

CO2: Students get knowledge about excavation, its preliminaries, staff and equipments, etc.

CO3: Students understand the relative and absolute dating and Chemical treatment and preservation of Archaeological finds

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 60 Practical: 40 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: i) The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question (12 marks each) from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (1½ marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

ii) For practical, the students are required to undergo a field Training i.e. Excavation or Exploration or both.

Unit-I

- a) Definition and Scope of Archaeology
- b) Relationship of Archaeology with social sciences and pure sciences
- c) History of Indian Archaeology
- d) Forms of Archaeological data

Unit-II

- a) Methods of discovering the sites (explorations)
- b) Aims and Methods of excavation
- c) Excavation preliminaries, staff and equipments; Excavation of a structure, town site and Burials.
- d) Stratigraphy
- e) Recording of excavated finds, Three dimensional measurements; preparation of section drawing

Unit-III

- a) Methods of relative dating
- b) Methods of absolute dating
- c) Archaeological photography and drawing

Unit-IV

- a) Chemical treatment and preservation of Archaeological finds
- b) Conservation of Monuments
- c) Threats to Archaeological sites
- d) Archaeology and public awareness

Agrawal, D.P. and : Dating the Human Past, Indian Society for Prehistoric Studies, Pune, 1995

Yadav, M.D.

Chakraborti, D.K. : A History of Indian Archaeology, Munshiram Manoharlal, Delhi, 1988

Child, V.G. : Piecing together the Past, Routledge and Kegan Paul, London, 1966

Pandey, J.N. : Puratatva Vimarsha (in Hindi), Prachya Vidya Sansthan, Allahabad, 2002

(9th edn.)

Raman, K.V. : Principles and Methods of Archaeology, Parthajan Publications, Madras,

1986

Thapalyal, K.K. and

Shukla, S.P.

: Puratattva Praveshika (in Hindi), Bharat Book Centre, Lucknow, 1999

Wheeler, R.E.M. : Archaeology from the Earth, Penguin Books, London, 1963

: Prithvi Se Puratattva (in Hindi), Delhi, 1968

Plenderleith, H.J. : The conservation of Antiquities and works of Art, London, 1974

Crawford, O.G.S. : Archaeology in the Field (4th Edn.), New York, 1960

Kenyon, K.M. : Beginnings in Archaeology, London, 1961

Atkinson, R.J.C. : Field Archaeology, London, 1961

Pandey, R.P. : Bhartiya Puratattva (in Hindi), Madhya Pradesh Hindi Granth Academy,

Bhopal, 1989

Singh, Madanmohan : Puratattva ki Ruparekha (in Hindi), Janki Prakashan, Delhi, 1981

Srivastava, K.M. : New Era of Indian Archaeology, Delhi, 1982

Choubey, Ramesh : Puratatvik Manav Vigyan (in Hindi), Madhya Pradesh Hindi Granth

Academy, Bhopal, 2007

Krishnamurthy, K. : Introducing Archaeology, Ajanta Publications, Delhi, 1995

Drewet, Peter L. : Field Archaeology: An Introduction, London, UCL Press, 1999

Daniel, Glyn : The Origins and Growth of Archaeology, Harmondsworth, Penguin books,

1967

Paper- Historical Archaeology of India

Paper Code: 17HIS24GA2

Course Outcomes

CO1: Students get a basic knowledge about the relationship of Archaeology with History

CO2: Students understand the Characteristics and Chronology of Northern Black Polished Ware Culture and significance of pottery.

CO2: Students study the various excavated sited i.e. Taxila, Rupar, Thanesar, Hastinapur, Atranjikhera, Kausambi, Vaishali, Nagarahunikonda, Arikamedu

Max. Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit-I

- a) Relationship of Archaeology with History
- b) Northern Black Polished Ware Culture : extent, chronology and Characteristics
- c) Historical Urbanization
- d) Significance of Pottery

Unit-II

Detailed study of the following excavated sites

- a) Taxila
- b) Rupar
- c) Thanesar

Unit-III

Detailed study of the following excavated sites:

- a) Hastinapur
- b) Atranjikhera
- c) Kausambi

Unit-IV

Detailed study of the following excavated sites:

- a) Vaishali
- b) Nagarahunikonda
- c) Arikamedu

Ramachandran, T.N. : Nagarjunikonda

Subramanyam, E. (ed.) : Nagarjunikonda (1954-60), Memoirs of the Archaeological Survey

India, No. 75

Ojha, Shrikrishan : Bharatiya Puratattva (in Hindi), Research Publications, Delhi, 1985

Banerjee, N.R. : The Iron Age in India, New Delhi, 1965

Ghosh, A. : The City in Early Historical India, Shimla, 1973

Sinha, B.P. (ed.) : Potteries in Ancient India, Patna, 1969

Gaur, R.C. : Excavations at Atranjikhera, Motilal Banarsi Dass, Delhi, 1983

Sharma, .G.R. : Excavations at Kausambi, Allahabad

Marhsall, J. : Taxila (Three Vols.), 1951

Dhavalikar, M.K. : Historical Archaeology of India, Books and Books, Delhi, 1999

Man and Environment, Journal of Indian Society for Pre-historic and Quaternary Studies,

Ahmedabad

Indian Archaeology: A Review (Rel. Vols.)

Puratattva, Bulletin of The Indian Archaeological Society (Rel. Vols.)

Ancient India, Bulletin of the Archaeological Survey of India (Rel. Vols.)

Paper-Ancient Indian Epigraphy and Palaeography-II

Paper Code: 17HIS24GA3

Course Outcomes

- CO1: Students get the basic knowledge about the importance of various historical and cultural inscriptions i.e. Sarnath Buddhist Image inscriptions of Kanishka-I, Nasik Cave Inscriptions of Vasishthiputra Pulumavi, Girnar (junagarh) Rock inscriptions of Rudramana-I, and Mathura Stone Inscriptions of Huvishka etc.
- CO2: Students also get the basic knowledge about the importance of various historical and cultural inscriptions i.e. Allahabad Pillar Inscription of Samudragupta,
- CO3: Students also understand the importance of another various historical and cultural inscriptions i.e. Mehrauli Iron Pillar Inscription of Chandragupta, Bhitari Stone Pillar Inscription of Skandagupta, Mandsor Pillar Inscription of Yasodharman Vishnuvardhana etc.

Max. Marks: 100

Theory: 80 I.A: 20

Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: i) The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

ii) In unit-IV, the first question shall carry one legible plate of inscription for decipherment into Davanagari/Roman script and second question shall contain one passage for transliteration into original script from the prescribed inscriptions. But both the questions should not be given from one inscription.

Unit-I

Historical and Cultural importance of the following inscriptions:

- a) Sarnath Buddhist Image inscription of the time of Kanishka I (Regnal year 3)
- b) Nasik cave inscription of Vasishthiputra Pulumavi (Regnal Year 19)
- c) Girnar (Junagadh) Rock inscription of Rudradaman I
- d) Mathura Stone inscription of Huvishka

Unit-II

Historical and cultural importance of the following inscriptions:

- a) Allahabad Pillar Inscription of Samudragupta
- b) Mehrauli Iron Pillar Inscription of Chandragupta
- c) Bhitari Stone Pillar Inscription of Skandagupta
- d) Mandsor Pillar Inscription of Yasodharman Vishnuvardhana (M.S. 589)

Unit-III

Historical and cultural importance of the following inscription:

- a) Haraha Inscription of Isanavarman
- b) Banskhera Copper-Plate Inscription of Harsha
- c) Aihole Inscription of Pulakesin-II
- d) Gwalior Inscription of Mihirabhoja

Unit-IV

Note: Inscriptions for decipherment into Devanagari/Roman script and Transliteration into original script (in part or full):

a) Sarnath Buddhist Image inscription of Kanishka (Regnal Year 3)

b) Mathura Stone Inscription of Huvishka (Year 28)

c) Nasik Cave Inscription of Yajna Satakarni (Year 7)

d) Mehrauli Iron Pillar Inscription of Chandra

Suggested Readings:

Agrawal, Jagannath : Researches in Indian Epigraphy and Numismatics, New Delhi, 1986

Bajpai, K.D. : Aitihasic Bhartiya Abhilekh (in Hindi), Jaipur, 1992

Goyal S.R. : Maukhari-Pushyabhuti-Chalukyayugin Abhilekh, Vol. I, II, III, Meerut,

1987

: Guptakalin Abhilekh, Meerut, 1984

" : Prachin Bhartiya Abhilekh Sangraha (in Hindi), Part-I, Jaipur, 1982

Gupta, P.L. : Prachin Bharat Ke Pramukh Abhilekh (in Hindi), Part-I, Varanasi, 1979

Hultzsch E. (ed.) : Corpus Inscriptionum Indicarum, Vol. I, New Delhi, 1991 (Reprint)

Ojha, G.H. : Prachin Bhartiya Lipimala (in Hindi), Delhi, 1959
Pandey, R.B. : Historical and Literary Inscriptions, Varanasi, 1962

Sircar, D.C. : Select Inscriptions, Vol. I, Calcutta, 1965, (Reprint)

" : Indian Epigraphy (trans. in Hindi by K.D. Bajpai), Motilal Banarsidass,

Delhi, 1965

Thaplyal, K.K. : Inscriptions of Maukhris, Later Guptas, Pushpabhutis and Yashoverma of

Kanauj, Delhi, 1985

Upadhyaya, V. : Prachin Bhartiya Abhilekhon Ka Adhyayana (in Hindi), Delhi, 1961

: Gupta Abhilekh, Patna, 1974

Paper- Ancient Indian Numismatics-II

Paper Code: 17HIS24GA4

Course Outcomes

CO1: Students get the basic knowledge about the Kushana Numismaitcs and Early Coins of south and western India.

CO2: Students understand the Gupta Coins.

CO3: Students understand the Early medieval coins and Coins for Decipherment (Gold coins only)

Max. Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: i) The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

ii) In Unit-IV, The first question should be from 'a', 'b' and 'c' parts and second question on decipherment of coins should be from 'd' and 'e' parts of the unit.

Unit-I

Kushana Numismatics

- a) Early Kushana Coins: Kujula Kadphises
- b) Sotermagus and Wima Kadphises
- c) Kushane Sassanid Coins
- d) Kidara Kushana, Kota, Puri Kushana Coins

Unit-II

Early Coins of South and Western India

- a) Satavahana Coins
- b) Western Kshatrapa Coins
- c) Roman and Byzantine Coins in South India

Unit-III

Gupta Coins

- a) Coins of Chandragupta- I and Kacha Gupta
- b) Coins of Samundragupta
- c) Coins of Chandragupta-II
- d) Coins of Kumaragupta
- e) Coins of Skanda gupta

Unit-IV

Early Medieval Coins

- a) Huna Coins
- b) Gurjara Pratihara Coins
- c) Shahi Coins

Coins for Decipherment (Gold coins only)

- a) Kushana Coins
- b) Gupta Coins

Altekar, A.S. : The Coinage of the Gupta Empire, Varanasi, 1954

" : Gupta Kalina Mudrayen (in Hindi), Patna, 1972

Bhandarkar, D.R. : Carmichael Lectures, Ancient Indian Numismatics, Patna, 1984

Chakraborti, Swati : Socio-religious and Cultural Study of Ancient Indian Coins, Delhi, 1986

Chattopadhyaya, B. : The Age of the Kushans : A Numismatic Study, Calcutta, 1964

Cunningham A. : Coins of Ancient India, Varanasi, 1971

Dutta, M. : A Study of the Satavahana Coinage, New Delhi, 1996

Gopal, L. : Early Medieval Coin types of Northern India, Varanasi, 1966

Gopal, P.L. : Coins, New Delhi, 1996

Mukharjee, B.N. and : Technology of Indian Coins, Calcutta

Lee, P.K.D.

Sharma, I.K. : Coinage of the Satavahana Empire, New Delhi, 1980

Thakur, Upendra : Mints and Minting in India, Varanasi, 1972

Upadhyaya, V. : Prachina Bhartiya Sikke (in Hindi), Allahabad, 1986

Bajpai, K.D. : Indian Numismatic Studies, New Delhi, 1976

Rao, Rajvant & Rao, : Prachin Bhartiya Mudrayen (in Hindi), Motilal Banarsidass, Delhi, 1998

P.K.

Satya Shreva : The Kushana Numismatics, Delhi, 1985

Santosh Bajpai : Aitihasik Bhartiya Sikke, Delhi, 1997

Ancient India (Group-B)

Paper-Political History of India (from c. 320 A.D. to 648 A.D.) Paper Code: 17HIS24GB1

Course Outcomes

CO1: Students get basic knowledge about the Imperial Guptas i.e. Early Kings, Samundagupta's achievements, Ramgupta, Chandra Gupta and Skandagupta.

CO2: Students understand the accouns of Fa-hien, Emergence of New powers i.e. The Hunas and The Maukharies.

CO3: Students understand the Pushpabhutis, Harshvardhana and accounts of Huien-Tsang.

Max. Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit-I

The Imperial Guptas:

- a) Early Kings
- b) Samundragupta's achievements
- c) Historicity of Ramgupta
- d) King Chandra of Mehrauli iron Pilar Inscription
- e) Skanda gupta

Unit-II

The Imperial Guptas and Later Guptas:

- a) Gupta Administration
- b) Downfall of the Empire
- c) Later Guptas
- d) Accounts of Fa-hien

Unit-III

Emergence of New Powers:

- a) The Hunas Their invasion and impact
- b) The Maukharies

Unit-IV

Pushpabhutis:

- a) Early Kings
- b) Harsha Vardhan, His achievement
- c) Administration
- d) Account of Huien-Tsang

Majumdar, R.C. (ed.) : The Classical Age, 3rd edn. Bombay, 1990

" : Age of Imperial Kanauj, Bhartiya Vidya Bhavan, Bombay, (3rd Edn.) 1970

" : Struggle for Empire, 2nd edn. Bombay, 1966

Tripathi, R.S. : History of Kanauj, Banaras, 1937

Chattopadhyaya, S. : Early History of North India

Majumdar, R.C. & : The Vakataka- Gupta Age (English (ed.) Hindi), Motilal Banarsidass,

Altekar, A.D. Delhi, 1967

Devahuti, D. : Harsha: A Political Study, Oxford University Press, 1970

Chatterjee, G. : Harsha Vardhana (in Hindi, 2nd edn), Allahabad, 1950

Paper- Political History of India (from c. 648 A.D. to 1200 A.D.)

Paper Code: 17HIS24GB2

Course Outcomes

- CO1: Students get the basic knowledge about the emergence of political powers i.e. Yashovarman of Kanauj, and Rise and Fall of the Pratihars, Palas, Rastrakutas and tripartitle struggle.
- CO2: Student also get the basic knowledge about the emergence of political powers i.e. Chalukyas of Badami, Chandelas, Parmaras,
- CO3: Students undertand the period of Chahamanas of Sakambhari, Gahadavals, Pallavas and Cholas.

Max. Marks: 100 Theory: 80

> I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit-I

Emergence of New Political Powers:

- a) Yashovarman of Kanauj
- b) Rise and Fall of the Pratiharas

Unit-II

Emergence of New Political Powers

- a) Rise and Fall of the Palas
- b) The Rastrakutas
- c) The tripartitle struggle

Unit-III

New Political Powers

- a) Emergence and Fall of the Chalukyas of Badami
- b) The Chandelas
- c) The Paramaras

Unit-IV

New Political Powers:

- a) The Chahamanas of Sakambhari
- b) The Gahadavals
- c) The Pallavas
- d) The Cholas

Puri, B.N. : History of Gurjara Prathiharas, Bombay, 1937

Pathak, V. : Uttari Bharat Ka Rajnitik Itihasa (In Hindi)

Sharma, Dasrath : Rajasthan through the Ages, Bikaner, 1966

Sastri, K.A.N. : The Cholas, University of Madras, Madras, 1975

Ayanger, K. : South Indian History and Culture

Rai, Udai Narain : Gupta Samrata aur Unka Kala (In Hindi)

Mitra, S.K. : Early Rules of Khajuraho, Motilal Banarsi Dass, 2nd (edn.) Delhi, 1977.

Thakur, Upendra : The Hunas in India

Sharma, Dashrath : Early Chauhan Dynasties, Delhi, 1952

Yazdani, G. : The Early History of Deccan (also in Hindi), Oriental Book-repr

Corporation, New Delhi, 1982

Goyal, S.R: : The Imperial Guptas, Meerut, 1986

S.Prakash : Bharata Ka Itihas : Rajput Kal (in Hindi)

G. H. Ojha : History of Rajputana

Paper-Society and Culture of India-II (from earliest times to c.1200 A.D.) Paper Code: 17HIS24GB3

Course Outcomes

CO1: Students get basic knowledge about the Kusanas, Satavahans and Sangam Age: Society and Culture.

CO2: Student understand the geenral features and culture of Gupta and Post-Gupta Society.

CO3: Student understand the social institutions i.e. Untouchability, labour and education and educational institutions and

CO4: Students understand the status of women during that time.

Max. Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit-I

New Trends:

- a) Kusanas
- b) Satavahanas
- c) Sangam Age: Society and Culture

Unit-II

Gupta and Post Gupta Society:

- a) General features of Society and Culture during Gupta Period
- b) Early Medieval Society
- c) Communication and Social Cohesion

Unit-III

Social Institutions:

- a) Untouchability
- b) Labour
- c) Education and Educational Institutions

Unit-IV

Status of Women:

- a) Family
- b) Marriage
- c) Education
- d) Property rights

Kane, P.V. : History of Dharamshastra (Relevant Vols.) Bhandarajkar Orient Research

Institute, Pune, 1930

Sharma, R.S. Surdas in Ancient India, Motilal Banarsidas, (2nd) Delhi, 1980

Perspectives in Social and Economic History of Early India, Munshiram,

Manohar Lal Publishers, New Delhi, 1983

" Material culture and Social formations in Ancient India, Macmillan, Delhi,

1983

" Social change in early Medieval India, Delhi, 1969

Hutton, J.H. Caste in India, Cambridge University, 1946Ghurye, G. S. The Brahmnical Institutions Gotra & Carana

Ghurye, G. S. Caste and Race in India, Bombay, 1969

Upadhyay, G. P. Brahamanas in Ancient India

Pandey, R.B. Hindu Samskara, Motilal Banarsidas (2nd), Delhi, 1969

Wagle, W.G.: Society at the time of Buddha, Bombay, 1969

Fick, R. Social organization of North-Eastern India in Buddha's Time, S.K. Mitra,

Delhi, 1972

Altekar, A.S. Position of Women in Hindu Civilization, Motilal Banarsidass, Delhi, 1999

" Education in Ancient India, Varanasi, 1975

Chattopadhyaya, S. Social Life in Ancient India

Chakladar, H.C. Social Life in Ancient India, Delhi, 1976

Prabhu, P.N. Hindu Social Organization, Popular Prakashan, Bombay, 1940

Thapar, Romila Asoka and Decline of the Mauryas

" Ancient Indian Social History-Some interpretations

" From Lineage to Caste, Delhi, 1984

Chattopadhyaya, B. Kushana State and Indian Society, Punthi Pustak, Calcutta, 1978

Rapson, E.J. The Cambridge History of India Vol. I (ed.), Delhi, 955

Shastri, K.A. N. Comprehensive History of India Vol. II(ed.), Reprint, Delhi, 1987

Bhattacharya, S.C. Some Aspects of Indian Society from 2nd Century B.C. to 4th Cent. A.D.,

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Yadav, B.N.S. Society and Culture of Northern Indian in the 12th Century, Central Book

Depot, Allahabad, 1973

Majumdar, B.P. Socio-Economic History of Northern Indian (1030-1194), Firma K.L.

Mukhopadhyay Publisher, Calcutta, 1960

Smith, B.C. Essays in Gupta Culture

Krishna, N. South Indian History and Society, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1984

Gupta, N. Sen Evolution of Hindu Marriage, Bombay, 1965

Bary, W.I.D. (ed.) Sources of Indian Tradition (Vol. I), New York, 1958

Paper - Economic History of India-II (from earliest times to c.1200 A.D.) Paper Code: 17HIS24GB4

Course Outcomes

CO1: Students get basic knowledge about the Imperial system i.e. Gupta and Post-Gupta Econmy, Feudal Economy and peasantry.

CO2: Students understand the Agrarian Economy i.e. Land System-Land Revenue, Ownership of Land, Irrigation System.

CO3: Students understand the Trade and Commerce and Foreign Trade with special reference to Western and South East Asia..

Max. Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit-I

Imperial system

- a. Gupta and Post Gupta Economy-Salient features
- b. Feudal Economy
- c. Peasantry

Unit-II

Agrarian Economy

- a. Land System-Land Revenue
- b. Ownership of Land
- c. Irrigation System

Unit-III

Trade & Commerce

- a. Inland Trade
- b. Foreign Trade with special reference to Western and South East Asia
- c. Decline of Trade and Commerce
- d. Usuary

Unit-IV

Deccan

- a. Patterns of economic developments in Deccan and South India (As outline)
- b. Agrarian economy
- c. Economic importance of temples, trade and guilds.

Sharma, R.S. : Material Culture and Social formations in Ancient Indian Macmillan,

Delhi, 1983

Perspective in Social & Economic History of Early India 2nd (edn.)

Munshiram Manoharlal, New Delhi, 1995

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Ghoshal, U.N. : Contribution to the History of Hindu Revenue System, Calcutta, 1929

' Agrarian System in Ancient India, Calcutta University, 2nd (ed.) Calcutta,

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Adhey, G. L. Early Indian Economics, Asia Publishing House, Delhi, 1966.

Jha, D.N. : Revenue System in Post Mauryan and Gupta Times, Punthi Pustak,

Calcutta, 1967

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Gopal, Lallanji : Economic Life in Northern India, Motilal Banarsidas, 2nd (ed.) Delhi,

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Varanasi, 1980

Maity, S.K. : Economic Life of Northern India in the Gupta Period, World Press,

Calcutta, 1957

Spengler (ed.) : Indian Economic Thought, Duke University Press, 1971

Srivastava, B. : Trade & Commerce in Ancient India, Varanasi, 1968

Dass, D.R. : Economic History of the Deccan, Delhi, 1969

Majumdar, B.P. : Socio-economic History of Northern India, Calcutta, 1960

Sircar, D.C. (ed.) : Land System and Feudalism in Ancient India, Calcutta University Press,

Calcutta, 1966

: Land Lordism and Tendency in Ancient & Medieval India, Lucknow,

1969

Yazdani, G. Early History of Deccan, Oriental Book reprint, New Delhi, 1982

Niyogi, P. : Economic History of Northern India, Progressive Publisher, Calcutta,

1962

Kosambi, D.D. : An Introduction to the Study of Indian History, Popular Parkashan,

Bombay, 1956

Stein, Burton : Peasant State & Society, Delhi, 1980

Chattopadhyay, B.D. : Coins and Currency System in South India, Munshiram Manoharlal, New

Delhi, 1977

Pandey, B.K. : Temple Economy under Cholas

Rai, G. N. : Involuntary labour in Ancient India, Chaitanya, Publishing House,

Allahabad, 1981

Rai, Jaimal : The Rural Urban economy and Social Changes in Ancient India, Delhi,

1974

Medieval India (Group-C)

Paper- Political History of India (from c.1200-1526 A.D.) Political Institutions Paper Code: 17HIS24GC1

Course Outcomes

CO1: Students get basic knowledge about the Islamic theory of Sovereignty, the Sultanate and the Caliphate and Theory of Kingship under the Sultans of Delhi.

CO2: Students understand the Barni's theory of Kingship, Nature of Delhi Sultanate and Nature of Afghan State.

CO3: Students understand the evolution of administrative institutions, central administration and provincial Administration and

CO4: Students understand the composition and role of Nobility, Karkhanas and Military Organization.

Max. Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit-I

- a) Islamic theory of Sovereignty
- b) the Sultanate and the Caliphate
- c) Theory of Kingship under the Sultans of Delhi

Unit-II

- a) Barni's theory of Kingship
- b) Nature of Delhi Sultanate
- c) Nature of Afghan State

Unit-III

- a) Evolution of Administrative Institutions
- b) Central Administration
- c) Provincial Administration

Unit-IV

- a) Nobility-Composition and role
- b) Karkhanas
- c) Military Organization

Habibullah, A.B.M. : A Foundation of Muslim rule in India (in Hindi also), Allahabad, 1992

Tripathi, I.R.P. : Some Aspect of Muslim Administration, Allahabad, 1989

Hitti, P.K. : History of the Arabs, London, 1970

Qureshi, I.H. : Administration of the Sultans of Delhi, Lahore, 1942

Day, U.N. : Some aspects of Medieval Indian History
Day, U.N. : Government of Sultanate, New Delhi, 1993

Habib Irfan (ed.) : Medieval India Vol. I

: Researches in the History of India 1200-1750, Delhi, 1992

Habib Irfan (ed.) : Madhya Kaleen Bharat Vols. I to 8 (in Hindi Relevant articles), New Delhi,

1981-2003

Nigam, S.B.P. : Nobility under the Sultans of Delhi, Delhi 1968

Kulke Herman and Rothermund Dietmar

State in India 1000-1700 A.D., Delhi, 1968

Siddiqui, I.H. : Some Aspects of Afghan Despotism in India, Aligarh, 1969

" Authority and Kingship under the sultans of Delhi (13th-14th Centuries),

Delhi, 2004

Rizvi, S.A.A. : The Wonder that was India, Vol. II, London, 1987

Chandra, Satish : Medieval India - Vol . I (From Sultanate to the Mughal), New Delhi, 1998

Nizami, K.A. : Some aspects of Religion and Politics in India during the Thirteenth

Century, Delhi, 1978

Muhibbul Hasan : Historians of Medieval India, Meerut, 1968

Rizvi, S.A.A. : Aadi Turk Kaleen Bharat Aligarh, 1956

" : Khalji Kaleen Bharat, Aligarh, 1995

" Tughlaq Kaleen Bharat, Vol, I & II, Aligarh, 1956, 1957

Verma, H.C. : Madhya Kaleen Bharat Vol. I 750- 1540 A.D. (in Hindi)

Sharma, G.D. : Madhya kaleen Bharat Ki Rajnitik, Samajik Avam Aarthik Sansthayen (in

Hindi), Delhi, 1983

Ashraf, K.M. : Life and Condition of the people of Hindustan (in Hindi), Delhi, 1990

Lal, K.S. : Historical Essays (Relevant Articles), Vol.II, Delhi, 2001

Paper- Political History of India (1526-1757)- Political Institutions

Paper Code: 17HIS24GC2

Course Outcomes

- CO1: Students get basic knowledge about the sources of Mughal History, Construction of Imperial Authority, Legitimacy and Kingship.
- CO2: Students understand the relations with Rajputs, Zamindari Policy of the Mughals, Mansabdari System.
- CO3: Students understand the provincial government, central government and nature of Mughal.
- CO4: Students understand the decline of Mughal and the Eighteenth Century Debate, Modern Historiography on the Decline

Max. Marks: 100 Theory: 80

I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit-I

- a) Sources of Mughal History
- b) Construction of Imperial Authority
- c) Legitimacy and Kingship

Unit-II

- a) Relations with Rajputs
- b) Zamindari Policy of the Mughals
- c) Mansabdari System

Unit-III

- a) Provincial Government
- b) Central Government
- c) Nature of Mughal

Unit-IV

- a) Decline of Mughal and the Eighteenth Century Debate
- b) Modern Historiography on the Decline

Irfan Habib : Madhyakalinbharat, Vol. 1-7

Harbans Mukhia : Perspectives on Medieval History, New Delhi, 1993

I.H. Siddiqui : Medieval India : Essays in intellectual Thought and Culture, New

Delhi, 2003

Satish Chandra : Essays on Medieval Indian History, New Delhi, OUP, 2003

Satish Chandra : Essays on Medieval Indian Economic History, New Delhi.

Muzaffar Alam & Sanjay

Subramanyum (ed.)

The Mughal State 1526-1750, New Delhi, 2002

Hermann Kulke (ed.) : State in India 1000-1700, OUP, New Delhi, 1997

J.F. Richards : Kingship and Authority in South Asia, University Of Wisconsin-

Madison Publication Series, 1978

Douglas E. Streusand : The Formation of the Mughal Empire, Oxford University Press Delhi,

1989

Habib Irfan : The Agrarian System of Mughal India : 1556-1707, Asia Publishing

House, New York, 1963

Ali, M. Athar : The Mughal Nobility under Aurangzeb, Asia Publishing House,

Bombay, 1966.

Jadunath Sarkar : The Fall of the Mughal Empire

Satish Chandra : Parties and Politics at the Mughal Court, People's Publishing House,

Delhi, 1979, First Published, 1959.

Burton Stein : A Decade of Historical Efflorescence', South Asia Research, 10, 2,

1990.

Ali M. Athar : Recent Theories of Eighteenth Centuries India', The Indian Historical

Review, 1989

" : The Mughal Polity-A Critique of Revisionist Approaches, Modern

Asian Studies, 27, 4, 1993

" The Passing of Empire: The Mughal Case', Modern Asian Studies, 9,

3, 1975.

' Towards an Interpretation of the Mughal Empire, Journal of Royal

Asiatic Society, 1, 1978.

Burton Stein : Arrested Development : But When and Where? In Clive, J. Dewey, ed.

Arrested Development in India: The Historical Dimension, Manohar

Publications, Delhi, 1988.

Burton Stein : Eighteenth Century India : Another, View, Studies in History, 5, 1,

1989.

Richard B, Barnett (ed.) : Rethinking Early Modern India, Delhi, 2002

P.J. Marshall (ed.) : The Eighteenth Century in Indian History : Evolution or Revolution?

Delhi, 2003.

Seema Alavi : The Eighteenth Century in India, Delhi, 2002

Paper-Society and Culture of India (C. 1526-1757 A.D.)

Paper Code: 17HIS24GC3

Course Outcomes

CO1: Students get the basic knowledge about the Babur's description of the social life of India, Social Structure and Women and gender relations.

CO2: Students understand the Bhakti Movement and Sufism.

CO3: Students understand the evolution of Akbar's Religious Ideas and Muslim Orthodoxy and the

Mughal state in the 16th and 17th Century

Max. Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit-I

1. Babur's description of the social life of India

2. Social Structure

- a) Ruling class
- b) Middle class
- c) Peasantry

3. Women and Gender Relations

Unit-II

Bhakti Movement

- a) Radical-Dadu Dayal
- b) Traditionalist-Tulsidas
- c) Woman Bhakta-Meerabai
- d) Impact of Bhakti Movement on Indian Society

Unit-III

1. Sufism

Silsilahs

a) Qadri

b) Nagshbandi

2. State and the Ulemas

Unit-IV

1. Evolution of Akbar's Religious Ideas

- a) From Orthodoxy to Liberalism
- b) Sulh-i-Kul
- c) Tawhid-i-Ilahi

2. Muslim Orthodoxy and the Mughal state in the 16th and 17th Century

Ather, Ali Mughal Nobility under Aurangzeb, Delhi, 1997

Aziz, Ahmed Studies in Islamic Culture in the Indian Environment, Oxford, 1964

Arberry, A.J. Sufism, London, 1956

Rizvi, S.A.A. A History of Sufism in India 2 Vols., Delhi, 1997

Tara Chand Influence of Islam on Indian Culture, Allahabad, 1976

Moreland, W.H. India at the Death of Akbar (in Hindi also), Delhi, 1990

Majumdar, A.K. Bhakti Renaissance, Bhartiya Vidya Bhawan, Bombay, 1965

Nizami, K.A. Society and Culture in Medieval India, Delhi, 1985

' Some Aspects of Religion and Politics in India during the 13th Century,

Delhi, 1978

Asharf, K.M. Life and Condition of the people of the Hindustan (in Hindi also), Delhi,

1988

Sobha, Savitri Chandra Samaj Aur Sanskrit-Sur, Tulsi Wa Dadu Ke Sandharbh Mein), Delhi, 1983

Verma, H.C. Madhya Kaleen Bharat Vol. I & II in Hindi) Delhi, 1983,

Misra, Rekha Women in Mughal India, Allahabad, 1967

Altekar, A.S. The position of Women in Indian Civilization, Delhi 1962

Chandra, Satish Historiography, Religion and State in Medieval India, Delhi, 1997

" Medieval India Part II Mughal Empire 1526-1748 (in Hindi also), Delhi,

1999

Habib, Irfan Agrarian System of Mughal India, Delhi, 1999

"Bhartiya Itihas Mein Madhyakal, Delhi, 2002

" Madhaya Kaleen Bharat Vols. 1 to 8 (in Hindi) (Relevant Articles), New

Delhi 1981-2003

Saxena, R.K. Madhya Kaleen Bharat Ke Aarthik Pahloo (in Hindi) Jaipur, 1996

Alam, Iqtidar The Middle Classes in the Mughal Empire (Presidential Address) IHC,

1975, Aligarh

Sharma, G.D. Madhya Kalin Bharat Ki Rajnitik, Samajik Avam Aarthik Sansthayen (in

Hindi), Jaipur, 1992

Sharma, Krishna Bhakti and the Bhakti Movement: A New Perspective, Delhi, 1987

Habib, Irfan Political Role of Sheikh Ahmed Sirhindi and Shah Wali Ullah, IHC, 1960
Dalal, Urvashi Women's time in the Havelis of North India, The Medieval History

Journal, 2000

Mattoo, Bindu New Horizons- A Socio Economic study of the 16th Century India, Delhi,

2003

" Madhya Kaleen Bharat Mei Stri-Purush Sambandh, Shodhak, September,

December, 2003

Paper- Economy of India (1526-1757 A.D.)

Paper Code: 17HIS24GC4

Course Outcomes

- CO1: Students get basic knowledge about the Land Revenue System, Categories of Peasants and Village Community.
- CO2: Students understand the Jagir System and its crisis, Agrarian Crisis, Ijara System and Madadi-Maash Grants.
- CO3: Students understand the Potentialities fo Capitalists Development under the Mughals, Dadni system, Role of Nexus etc.
- CO4: Students understand the Industries and Mineral Resources, Trade and Commerce: Inland and External Trade, Centres of Large Scale Production and Euro-Indian Trade: Merchants and Brokers.

Max. Marks : 100 Theory : 80 I.A : 20

Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit-I

- a) Land Revenue System : Magnitude : Methods of Assessment, Mode of Payment; Other Rural Taxes and Exaction
- b) Categories of Peasants
- c) Village Community

Unit-II

- a) Jagir System and its crisis
- b) Agrarian Crisis
- c) Ijara System
- d) Madad-i-Maash Grants

Unit-III

- a) Potentialities of Capitalists Development under the Mughals
- b) Usuary
- c) Dadni System
- d) Role of Cash Nexus

Unit-IV

- a) Industries and Mineral Resources
- b) Trade and Commerce: Inland and External Trade
- c) Centres of Large Scale Production
- d) Euro-Indian Trade: Merchants and Brokers

Seema Alvi (Ed.) : The Eighteenth Century in India, OUP, 2008

Bayly, C.A. : Rulers, Townsmen and Bazaars North Inian Society in the age

of British Expansion 1770-1870, OUP, 1992

Mukhia, Harbans : Perspectives on Medieval History, New Delhi, 1993

Chandra, Satish : Medieval India-from Sultanate to the Mughals, Vol. 1 and II

(English & Hindi), New Delhi, 2007

Habib Irfan (Ed.) : Medieval India

Habib Irfan (Ed.) : Researches in the History of India 12001750 (Hindi and

English), OUP, 1992

Afzal, Ahmed : Indo-Portuguese Diplomacy during the 16th and 17th Centuries

(1500-1663) Originals, Delhi, 2008

Methew, K.S. : The Portuguese Trade with India in the Sixteenth Century, New

Delhi, 1983

Subramanyam Sanjay Ed. : Merchants, Markets and the State in Early Modern India, Delhi,

1990

" : Merchants Networks in the Early Modern World, CUP, 1990

" : The Political Economy of Commerce

Bagchi Arniya Kumar Ed. : Money and Credit in Indian History, Tulika, 2002

Panikar K.N. Byres T.T. &

Pathnaik

The Making of History-Essays Presented Utsa to Irfan Habib &

Utsa Pathnaik

Om Parkaksh : European Commercial Enterprise in Pre-Colonial India, CUP,

1998

Chandra Satish (Ed.) : Religion, State and Society in Medieval India, OUP, 2008

W.H. Moreland : a) Agrarian System of Moslem India, (Reprint) New Delhi,

1968

" : b) India at the death of Akbar, (Reprint) New Delhi, 1990

: c) From Akabar to Aurangzeb : A Study in Indian Economic

History (Reprint) New Delhi, 1994

Chaudhary, Tapan Ray : Cambridge Economic

Irfan Habib (ed.) : History of India (c.1200-1750 A.D.)Vol. I CUP, 1982

Hasan, Nurul : Religion, State and Society in Medieval India, OUP, 2008

Siddiqui N.A. : Land Revenue Administration under the Mughals (1700-1750),

APH, Bombay, 1970

Qaiser, A.J. : Indian Response to European Technology and culture

Verma, H.C.: : Medieval Routes to India

Chicherov, A.l. : Indian Economic Development in the 16th18th centuries,

Moscow, 1971

Naqvi, H.K. : Urbans Centres and Industries in Upper India (1556-1808),

Bombay, 1968

Naqvi, H.K. : Urbanisation & Urban Centres under the Great Mughals, IIAS

Shimla, 1972

Richards, J.F. (ed.) : The Imperial Monetary System of Mughal India, Delhi-1987

Chaudhary, K.N. : The Trading World of Asia & the East India company (1660-

1761), Cambridge, 1975

Frekenberge P.K. (ed.) : Land Control and Social Structures in Indian History, London,

1969

Chaudhary, Sushil : Trade and Commercial Organization in Bengal (1650-1720)

Relevant Chapters, Calcutta, 1975

Chaudhary, Sushil : Medieval India - A Miscellan Vol. I to IV, Aligarh Muslim

University, Aligarh

Gupta, N.S.: : Industrial Structure of India during the Medieval Period

Chakrawarty. Phanindar : Anglo-Mughal Commercial Relation (1083-1717)

Chandra, Satish : Medieval India-Society, The Jagirdari Crisis and the Village

Gupta, S.P. : Agrarian system of Eastern Rajasthan C. 1650-1750 A.D.,

Manohar, Delhi, 1986

Richards, John F. : The Mughal Empire (The New Cambridge History of India)

CUP, 1993

Siddiqui, I. Hussain : Perso-Arabic Sources of Information on the life and Condition

in the Sultanate of Delhi, 1992

Habib, Irfan : Essays in Indian History : Towards a Marxist, Perception, New

Delhi, 1995

Habib, Irfan : Akbar and His Age, New Delhi 1997

Mathew, K.S. : Studies in Maritime History, Pondicherry, 1990

Thakur, Vijay Kumar : Peasants in Indian History, Patna, 1996

Anshuman & Ashok (ed.) : Theoretical Issues and structural Enquiries

B.R. Grover : Nature of LAnd rights in Mughal Indian History I.E.S.H.R.,

Vol. I, 1978

Irfan Habib : Technology and Society in Mughal India, Dev Raj Channa

Lectures Delhi, 1970

Nirmal Kashyap : Lower Carde Employees of Amber During Late Half of the 17th

Century PIHC, 1995

Irfan Habib : Bhartiya Itihas Mein Madhyakal, Granth Shilpi, 2002

Moosvi, Shireen : The Economy of the Mughal Empire C. 1995 : A Statistical

Study, Delhi, 1987

Modern Group (Group-D)

Paper- Political History of India (1757-1947-II)

Paper Code: 17HIS24GD1

a) N.W. Frontier Policy

c) Tibet Policy

Course Outcomes

CO1: Students get the basic knowledge about the administrative structure i.e. District, provincial and central administration and to understand the Arms of the state i.e. Army, law , Police and Civil services.

CO2: Students understand the relation with Indian states, Afghan Policy, Foreign Policy of Colonial State, Foreign Affairs.

CO3: Student understand the Indian Union and Princely States, Vision of New India and India and World Non-Alignment Movement.

Max. Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

		Unit-I	
1. Administrative Structure :			
a)	District Administration	b)	Provincial Administration
c)	Central Administration		
2. Arms of the State :			
a)	Army	b)	Law
c)	Police	d)	Civil Services
		Unit-II	
1. Relations with Indian States :			
a)	Policy of Ring Fence	b)	Policy of Subordinate Isolation
c)	Policy of Subordinate union		
2. Afghan Policy			
a)	First Afghan War	b)	Policy of Masterly Inactivity
c)	IInd Afghan War		
		Unit-III	
1. Foreign Policy of Colonial State :			
a)	Compulsions	b)	Evolution
2. Foreign Affairs			

b)

Persia and Persian Gulf Policy

Unit-IV

1. Indian Union and Princely States:

- a) Problem
- b) Integration with India

2. Independent India:

- a) Visions of New India
- b) India and the World Non-Alignment Movement

Suggested Readings:

Smith B. : Life of Lord Lawrence, Vols.

Hunter W.W. : Earl of Mayo, 1876

Moulton, E.D. : Lord North brook's Indian Administration 1872-1876 Balfaur, E. : Lord Lyton's Administration, 1876-80, London, 1899

Davies C.C. : Problem of North West Frontier

Gopal S. : The viceroyalty of Lord Ripon 1880-84, London, 1899

Dodwell H. (ed.): : Cambridge History of India Vol. VI, Cambridge, 1934

Majumdar, R.C. : The British Paramounty and Indian Renaissance Vol. IX, X Pt. I Bomba

Dilks, David : Curzon in India 3 Vol.

Lover, Frazer: : India under Curzon and Afghan

S. Chakarvarty : From Khyber to Oxus

A.C. Banerji : The Conquest of Burma

Ravinder Kumar : India and the Perisian Gulf Region Bisheshwar Prasad : Bondage and Freedom Vol. 2

" : The Foundations of India's Foreign Policy, 1860-1882

Edward Thampson and : The Rise and Fulfilment of British Rule in India, London, 1934

Garrett G.T.

Paper- Indian National Movement (1920-1947)

Paper Code: 17HIS24GD2

Course Outcomes

- CO1: Students get basic knowledge about the emergence of the mass movements. civil disobedience movement etc.
- CO2: Students understand the last phase of Revolutionary Movement. Indian National Congress and Socialist Movement.
- CO3: Students understand the Quit Indian Movement, Emergence of States People's Conference, Praja Mandal Movement.
- CO4: Students understand the Communalism at its Zenith. To understand the British Response-Transfer of Power

Max. Marks : 100 Theory : 80 LA : 20

Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided intou four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit-I

1. Emergence of Mass Movements:

- a) Rise of Gandhi and Non-Cooperation khilafat Movement
- b) Swarajists-Programmes and Impact

2. Civil Disobedience Movement:

- a) Aims, Social Composition and Impact
- b) British Response Communal Award, Round table conference
- c) Government of India Act 1935

Unit-II

1. The Last Phase of Revolutionary Movement:

- a) Formation of H.R.A.-H.S.R.A.
- b) Aims and Activities
- c) Impact on National Movement

2. Indian National Congress and Socialist Movement:

- a) Congress Socialist Party
- b) Forward Bloc-I.N.A.

Unit-III

1. Quit Indian Movement:

- a) Background
- b) Activities
- c) Impact

2. States People's Conference :

- a) Emergence
- b) Praja Mandal Movement in Various Indian States

Unit-IV

1. Communalism at its Zenith:

- a) Demand for Pakistan
- b) Growth of Muslim League
- c) Partition of India

2. British Response-Transfer of Power

a) Cripp's Mission - 1942b) Cabinet Mission - 1946c) Mount Batten Plan - 1947

Suggested Readings:

Singh, I.P. : The Left Wing in India
Bhuyan, Arun : The Quit India Movement

Pradhan, G. : India's Struggle for Swaraj, Madras, 1924

Gopal, S. : Jawahar Lal Nehru Vol. I-3, Delhi, 1975, 1979

Ravinder Kumar : Essays in Gandhian Politics : The Rowlatt Satyagraha of 1919, London

1971

Chandra Bipan and others : Communalism in Modern India, New Delhi, 1987

Brown, Judith : Ganhi's Rise to Power : Indian Politics 1915-1922, Cambridge, 1972

Minault, Gail: : Khilafat Movement: The Religious symbolism and Political Mobilization

in India, New York, 1982

Dhankhar, Jaiveer S. : A Short History of Hindustan Socialist Republic an Association, Delhi,

2001

Raghuvanshi, V.P.S. : Indian National Movement and he Constitutional Dev.

Seal, Anil : The Emergence of Indian Nationalism, Cambridge, 1968

Mahrotra, S.R. : The Emergence of Indian National Congress, Delhi, 1971

Tripathi, A. : The Extremist Challenge: India between 890-1910., Calcutta, 1971

Argov, Daniel : Moderates and Extremists in the Indian National Movement

Desai, A.R. : Social Background of Indian Nationalism, Bombay, 1949

Tara Chand : History of the Freedom Movement Vol. I, II, III, IV (4 Vols.), Delhi, 1961

Majumdar, R.C. : History of Freedom Movement Vol. I, II, III, Calcutta, 1962-63

Dutt, R.P. : India Today, Bombay, 1949

Mujeeb, M. : Indian Muslims

Sarkar, S. : Swadeshi Movement in Bengal, New Delhi, 1973

" : Modern India 1885-1947, New Delhi, 1983

Das, M.N. : India under Morley and Minto, London, 1964 Singh, Pardaman : Lord Minto and Indian Nationalism 1905-1910.

Dhankhar, Jaivieer S. : Prelude to Pakistan, Delhi, 2000 Wolpert, Stanley : Tilak and Gokhe, Calcutta, 1962

Paper- Society and Culture of India (1757-1947)- II

Paper Code: 17HIS24GD3

Course Outcomes

- CO1: Students get basic knowledge about the rise of new classes and role of middle class in Modernization.
- CO2: Students understand the causes and anture of Indian Cultural Renaissance Raja Ram Mohan Roy and Brahmo Samai and Ram Krishnan Mission.
- CO3: Students understand the Wahabi Movement and Arya Samaj Movementm and Aligarh Movement.
- CO4: Students understand the Rise and Growth of depressed class movement, untouchability etc.

Max. Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A: 20

Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit-I

1. New Classes:

- a. Rise of New Classes
- b. Role of Middle Class in Modernization

2. Tradition and Modernity

- a. Concept
- b. Process

Unit-II

1. Indian Cultural Renaissance:

- a. Causes and Nature
- b. Raja Ram Mohan Roy and Brahmo Samaj

2. Legacy of Cultural Renaissance:

- a. Ram Krishan Mission
- b. Theosophical

Unit-III

1. Revivalist Movements:

- a. Wahabi Movement
- b. Arya Samaj Movement

2. Aligarh Movement

- a. Sir Syed Ahmed Khan and Aligarh Movement
- b. Role in Education
- c. Impact on Indian Muslims

Unit-IV

1. Depressed Class Movement

- a. Its Rise and Growth
- b. Problem of Untouchability
- c. Factors for its Amelioration

2. British Rule and Indian Society

- a. Impact
- b. Continuity and change

Suggested Readings:

Baird, Robert (ed.) : Religion in India, Delhi, 1981

De, Barun : Presidential Address to the Indian History Congress, Dharwad

Session, 1988

Jones, Kenneth W. : Socio-Religious Reform Movements in British India, The New

Cambridge History of India, Cambridge University Press, New

York, 1994

" : Arya Dhaarm, Berkeley, 1976

Niranjana-Tejaswini, P. : Interrogating Modernity : Culture and

Sudhir & Vivek Dhareshwar (eds.) : Colonialism in India

Rao, M.S.A. (ed.) : Social Movements and Transformation, Delhi, 1979

Stiniwas, M.N. : Social Change in Modern India

Unnithan, T.K.N, Indra Deva

Yogendra Singh (eds.)

Towards a Sociology of Culture in India

Ranade, M.G. : Religion and Social Reforms, Collection of Essays and Speeches

Misra, B.B. : The Indian Middle Class, Delhi, 1978

Heimsath, Charles : Indian Nationalism and Hindu Social Reform, Princeton, 1964

Leach and Mukherjee : Elites in South Asia

Ahmed, A.F.S. : Social Ideas and Social Change in Bengal, 1818-1835, Leiden, 1965

Jain, M.S. : The Aligarh Movement, Agra, 1965

Ahmed, Q. : The Wahabi Movement in India, Calcutta, 1966

Rai, Lal Lajpat : A History of the Arya Samaj

Majumdar, B.B. : History of Indian Social and Political Ideas

Desai, A.R. : Social Background of Indian Nationalism, Bombay, 1981

Sinha, P. : Social Change in NK Singh (ed.) History of Bengal

Sarkar, S. : Ram Mohan Roy and the Break with the Past(ed) V.C. Joshi

Pavloy, V.L. : Indian Middle Class: Its Origin and Development

Smith, W.C. : Modern Islam in India, London, 1943

Sriniwas, M.N. : "A note on Sanskritisation and Westernisation" Caste in Modern Inc

and other Essays

Narain, V.A. : Social History of Modern India, Patna, 1968

O' Malley, L.S.S. : Modern Indian and the West, London, 1941

Das, M.N., Chopra, P.N. and

Social and Economic History of India, Vol. III

Puri, B.N.

Paper- Economic History of India (1757-1947) II

Paper Code: 17HIS24GD4

Course Outcomes

- CO1: Student get basic knowledge about the foreign trade in colonial India with reference to Mercantilism, Industrial Capatalism and Finance Capitalism, Price Movements, Tarriff policy.
- CO2: Student to understand the Urban Markets and growth/decline of urban centres in colonial India, Industries and Industrial policy in colonial India.
- CO3: Student understand the theory about the Drain of wealth, Banking System
- CO4: Student understand the environment, forests and the colonial state, labour and the trade union movement, consequences of colonial rule on Indian economy.

Max. Marks: 100

Theory: 80 I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit-I

- 1. Foreign trade in colonial India with reference to
 - a. Mercantilism
 - b. Industrial capatalism
 - c. Finance capitalism
- 2. Price Movements
- 3. Tariff Policy

Unit-II

- 1. Urban Markets and growth/decline of urban centres in colonial India
- 2. Industries in colonial India:
 - a. Select industries like: Cotton textiles, Jute, iron and steel
 - b. Industrial policy in colonial India
- 3. Artisans and small-scale industry, especially handlooms

Unit-III

- 1. Theory about the Drain of wealth
- 2. Tax Structure, Public Expenditure and Government Revenues under the Crown, especially as per Act(s) of 1919 & 1935
- 3. Banking system

Unit-IV

- 1. Environment, Forests and the Colonial State
- 2. Labour and the trade union movement
- 3. Consequences of colonial rule on Indian economy

Bagchi, Amiya Kumar: : Presidency Banks and the Indian Economy, 1876-1914 (Calcutta, 1989)

Bagchi, Amiya Kumar: : Private investment in India, 1990-1939 New Delhi: 1972-1979

Bhattacharya, Dhires : A Concise History of Indian Economy : From the Mid-Eighteenth to

the Present Century, New Delhi: Prentice-Hall of India, 1989

Bhattacharya, Sabyasachi : Adhunik Bharat Ka Arthik Itihaas, New Delhi and Patna : Rajkamal

Prakashan, 1990

Bhattacharya, Sabyasachi & Jan Lucassen: : Workers in the Informal Sector : Studies in Labour History, New Delhi

: Macmillan India, 2005

Chandvarkar, Rajnarayan : Imperial Power and Popular Politics : Class, Resistance and the State in India, 1850-1950, Cambridge : Cambridge University Press, 1998

Chaudhari, K.N. : "Foreign Trade and Balance of Payments (1757-1947)," in Dharma

Kumar (ed.) (1983), Cambridge Economic of India Volume II, 1983

Davey, Brian : The Economic Development of India Nottingham : Spokesman Books,

1975

Gadgi, D.R. : The Industrial Evolution of India in recent Times, 1860-1939 (Delhi :

Oxford University Press, Fifth ed. 1973

Habib, Irfan (Revised

edn.):

: Indian Economy 1858-1914, New Delhi; Tulika Books, 2006

Hossain, Hameeda : The Company Weavers of Bengal : The East India Company and the

Organization of Textile Production in Bengal, 1750-1813 Calcutta,

Oxford University Press, 1988

Kumar, Dharma (ed.) : The Cambridge Economic History of India, Volume 2:

c . 1757- c. 1970, Hyderabad : Orient Longman, 1984

Mishra, Girish : Adhunik Bharat Ka Arthik Itihaas, New Delhi : Granth Shilpi, 2004

Ray, Rajat K. : Industrialization in India : Growth and Conflict in the Private

Corporate Sector, 1914-47, Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1979

Roy, Tirthankar : Traditional Industry in the Economy of Colonial India, Cambridge;

Cambridge University Press, 1999 Apart from handlooms, this book

deals with Gold Thread, brassware, leather and carpets also.

Roy, Tirthankar : The Economic History of India, 1857-1947 Second Edition, New

Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2006

Singh, V.B. (ed.) : Economic History of India, 1857-1956 New Delhi; Allied Publishers,

1975

Tomlinson, B.R. : The Economy of Modern India, 1860-1970 The New Cambridge

(Indian edition) History of India III, 3, New Delhi : Foundation Books, 1998

OPEN ELECTIVE

(For the students of 2nd Semester of other departments)

Paper: Nationalism In India

Paper Code: 16HISO1

Course Outcome:

CO1: Students understand the approaches to Indian Nationalism and emergence of organized nationalism.

CO2: Students get the knowledge of Gandhian Movements.

CO3: Students understand the revolutionary and left movements.

CO4: Students understand the Role of Subhash Chandra Bose, INA and Telangana.

CO5: Students understand the working of Congress and Non-Congress Provincial Ministries and Communal Politics and Partition.

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: Nine questions are to be set in all spreading into five units Each of the first four units shall contain two questions from each unit of the syllabus and Unit-V (Q. No. 9) which will be compulsory, shall contain eight short answer type questions (two marks each) covering the entire syllabus. The Candidates shall be asked to attempt five questions in all selecting one question from each unit including compulsory question. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit – I

- 1. Approaches to Indian Nationalism : Conceptual Debates.
- 2. Emergence of Organized Nationalism.

Unit-II

- 1. Trends till 1919
- 2. Gandhian Movements Nature, Programme, Social Composition, Limitations and Challenges.

Unit-III

- 1. Revolutionary and Left Movements.
- 2. Subhash Bose and INA and Telengana.
- 3. States' Peoples' Movements.

Unit-IV

- 1. Working of Congress and Non-Congress Provincial Ministries.
- 2. Communal Politics and Partition.

Desai, A.R. : Social Background of Indian Nationalism, Bombay, 1949

Tara Chand : History of the Freedom Movement Vol. I, II, III, IV (4 Vols.),

Delhi, 1961

Majumdar, R.C. : History of Freedom Movement Vol. I, II, III, Calcutta, 1962-63

Chandra Bipan and others : Communalism in Modern India, New Delhi, 1987

: Struggle for Independence of Indi, New Delhi, 1987

Dhankhar, Jaiveer S. : A Short History of Hindustan Socialist Republic an Association,

Delhi, 001

: Prelude to Pakistan, Delhi, 2000

Mahrotra, S.R. : The Emergence of Indian National Congress, Delhi, 1971

Sarkar, S. : Modern India 1885-1947, New Delhi, 1983

OPEN ELECTIVE

(For the students of 3rd Semester of other departments)

Paper: Survey of Sources of Indian History

Paper Code: 16HIS02

Course Outcome:

CO1: Students understand the Archaeological Sources and Literary Sources of Ancient India-I and Ancient India-II.

CO2: Students get the basic knowledge of the Sources of Ancient India-II (Harsacharita, Rajtaringini, Megasthese, Al-Beruni and Arthashastra.

CO3: Students understand the sources of Medieval India (Fatwa-i-Jahandari, Tuzuk-i-Baburi and Akbarnama.

CO4: Students understand the Sources of Modern India: Archival Records, Private Papers: Officials and Non-Officials and Newspapers and Periodicals

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 I.A: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: Nine questions are to be set in all spreading into five units Each of the first four units shall contain two questions from each unit of the syllabus and Unit-V (Q. No. 9) which will be compulsory, shall contain eight short answer type questions (two marks each) covering the entire syllabus. The Candidates shall be asked to attempt five questions in all selecting one question from each unit including compulsory question. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit – I

Sources of Ancient India-I

a) Archaeological Sources

Stone Tools, Pottery, Coins & Inscriptions

b) Literary Sources

Vedic Literature, Epics (Ramayan & Mahabharat), Buddhist and Jain Sources

Unit-II

Sources of Ancient India-II

- a. Harsacharita, Rajtaringini
- b. Megasthanes, Al Beruni
- c. Arthashastra

Unit-III

Sources of Medieval India

a. Ziauddin Barani: Fatwa-i-Jahandari

c. Babur : Tuzak-i-Baburi

d. Abul Fazal : Akbar Nama (3 Vols)

Unit-IV

Sources of Modern India

- a. Archival Records
- b. Private Papers: Officials and Non-Officials
- c. Newspapers and Periodicals

Sankalia, H.D. : Stone Age Tools, their Techniques and Uses (Pune, 1964)

Sircar, D.C. : Indian Epigraphy, (Delhi, 1965)

Puri, B.N. : India as Described by Early Greek Writers

Majumdar, R.C. : Classical Accounts of India, (Calcutta, 1960)

Pargiter, F.E. : Ancient Indian Historical Tradition, (London, 1922)

Winternitz, M. : History of Indian Literature 3 Vols, (New Delhi-1963-67)

Law, B.C. : India as Described in the Early Texts of Buddhism and Jainism.

Birani, Ibn-i-Hasan : Maqalat-i-Barani-Karachi, (N.D.)

Akbar S. Ahmed : Discovering Islam: Making Sense of Muslim History and Society,

(New Delhi, 1990.)

Elliot, Sir H.M. & J. Dowson : History of India as Told by its Own Historians, 8 vols., London,

(1867-77)

Rosenthal, F. : History of Muslim Historiography, (Leiden, 1952)

Sarkar, Jagdish Narayan : History of History Writings in Medieval India, (Calcutta, 1977)

Grewal, J.S. : Muslim Rule in India, The Assessment of British Historians,

(Calcutta, 1970)

" : Medieval India: History and Historians, (Amritsar, 1975)

Ibn, Khaldum : Muqaddiman: An Introduction to History, Eng. Tr. Ero Franz

Rosenthal, (London, 1958)

S.P.Sen (Ed.) : Historians and Historiography in Modern India, (Bombay, 1970)

Mukhia, Harban : Historians and Historiography During the Reign of Akbar, (New

Delhi, 1976).

Philips, C.H.(ed.) : Historians of India, Pakistan and Ceylon, (London, 1961).

Publication Division, Ministry: Gazetteer of India Vol.II (History & Culture).

of I & B, Govt. of India